New forms of Contract

RPF

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Background

- Paradigm shift in Infrastructure
 - Uniformed Clients
 - Procurement and management of consulting engineers
 - Understanding of quality vs maintenance requirements
 - Understanding Operations and Maintenance
 - Understanding Asset Management
 - Job Creation
 - Imperative
 - SMME
 - BBBEE
 - Lack of linkages between jobs and skills
 - NQF and Artisans
 - Unions "across the board"

Asset Management

- Pavement Management is changing
- Asset management considers the value of the assets and "acquisition" and "disposal"
- Treasury enforced!
- Assets broken down into components with different expected useful lives
 - Surfacing
 - Pavement
 - Formation
- Maintenance budgeted as a % of current replacement cost
- 2% seems to be the magic number

Example

Road construction cost R800/sqm

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– Surfacing R100 EUL = 10 years
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– Pavement R300 EUL = 20 years
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- Formation R400 EUL = 80 years
- 2% = R16/sqm per year
- Routine R60 000/km year = R6/sqm
- Periodic = R100/ sqm every 10 years = R10/sqm/year
- Total = R16/sqm

Job Creation

NPWP

- All jobs refunded by National
- Generally unskilled
- Need to improve this and gain skills and deliver quality as part of the process

SMME

- Many SMME projects in the past
- Monitoring of contractor development

Model 1 EPWP Plus - Urban

- Appoint CE as a programme manager
 - Experienced in roadworks
 - 15 years min pavement rehab experience
 - Appropriate economies of scale
 - Knowledge Transfer
- Appoint 2 to 5 CEs to manage EPWP
 - 125 km per CE each having 5
 Supervisors each overseeing 25
 "contractors' each maintaining 1 km of road
 - Focus on drainage, weed control and sidewalks





Model 1 EPWP Plus – Phase 2

- Decide on Materials Depots
- PM Assist Municipality to Procure and store materials
- CEs identify potential candidates for Bituminous works
- Train on Emulsion, crack sealing and patching (Sabita accreditation)
- Establish 2 to 3 man SMME teams to carry out work
- End result: pre-treated streets ready for resurfacing in 2 to 3 years time
- Trained SMME Contractors





Model 1 EPWP Plus – Phase 3

- Slurry and Seal
- Establish larger SMME teams to carry out work (Concrete mixer, aggregate, squeegees, Chippy)
- End result: Resurfaced streets with 7 to 12 year life
- Trained SMMEs

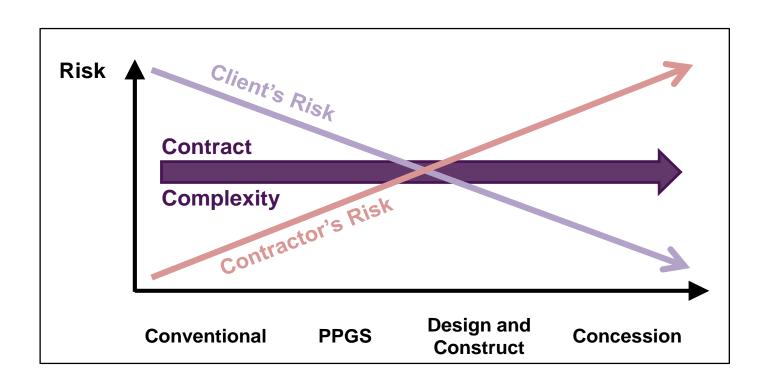




Model 2- Rural Repair Management

- 150 to 200km of road in trouble
- Appoint CE to plan, design and procure repairs
- Multiple contracts
 - Maintenance
 - Surface prep and patching
 - Aggregate supply
 - Reseal and line marking

Risk Allocation

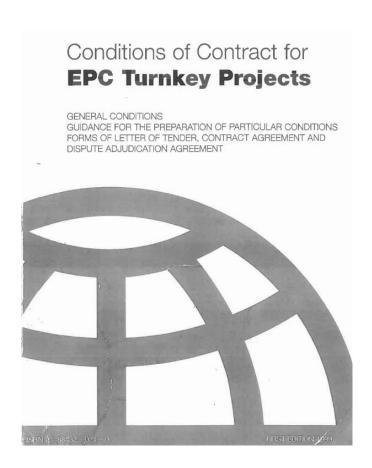


Model 3: Performance Guarantees

- Can expand conventional contracts
 - Specify performance requirements
 - Surfacing MPD
 - Pavement Visual, Rutting, IRI
 - Add performance Guarantee
- Examples
 - Surfacing Performance Guarantees (3 years)
 - Larger Works Performance Guarantees (5 years)
- Needs more experience in Practice

Design and Construct (FIDIC Silver Book)

- Not applicable for pavements without performance guarantee
- Difficult to adjudicate different pavement designs



Operations and Maintenance

- Operations
 - Safety
 - Dead animals
 - Traffic Management information
 - Access Management
- Maintenance
 - Routine cyclical
 - Routine Condition-based
 - Periodic
- Concession Companies understand this!
- Not many others
- Above programmes will build capacity

Model 4: Design, Construct and Operate (FIDIC Gold Book)

- Becoming popular amongst lenders to ensure maintenance is done
- Longer term 15 to 20 years
- Suitable for pavements
- Expanded routine maintenance requirements
- Ensures long term maintenance of new infrastructure



Conclusions

- Our roads are in trouble
- There are many ways to skin this cat
- One size does not fit all
- Long term capacity building
- It can be done as long as we are serious about it.