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Roller Compacted Concrete and Cement Grouted Macadam

Options for Low-Volume Roads

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Scope

- Roller Compacted Concrete (RCC)
 - Definitions
 - Research
 - Construction
- Cement Grouted Macadam (CGM)
 - Definition
 - Trial section
 - Performance



Roller Compacted Concrete



RCC

- Same basic ingredients as concrete but different mix proportions – higher fines
- Stiffer than zero-slump conventional concrete
- Compacted with vibrating rollers and pneumatic tired rollers
- Extensively used in port, intermodal, military facilities, highways and streets
- Very similar to our C2 but higher strength



Conventional Concrete Pavement

Shared materials characteristics:

- Same materials (different proportions)
- Similar curing requirements

Asphalt Pavement

Shared construction characteristics:

- Similar aggregate gradation
- Similar placement and compaction

RCC Pavement



















RCC

- Not same as RCC for dams
- Quick and easy to construct
- Often cheaper
- Less shrinkage and cracking
- Other benefits similar to conventional concrete pavements
- Can incorporate drainage into surface



Design

- Similar to conventional concrete pavements
- Joints
 - With joints increased spacing
 - Without joints

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RCC in South Africa

- Research in 80's and early 90's and 2000's
 - CSIR with HVS
 - Umdloti also with HVS
- Projects
 - Durban
 - Honeydew
 - Letaba
 - Boipatong











Issues

- Rapid drying
- Transport
- Compaction
- Curing
- Riding quality

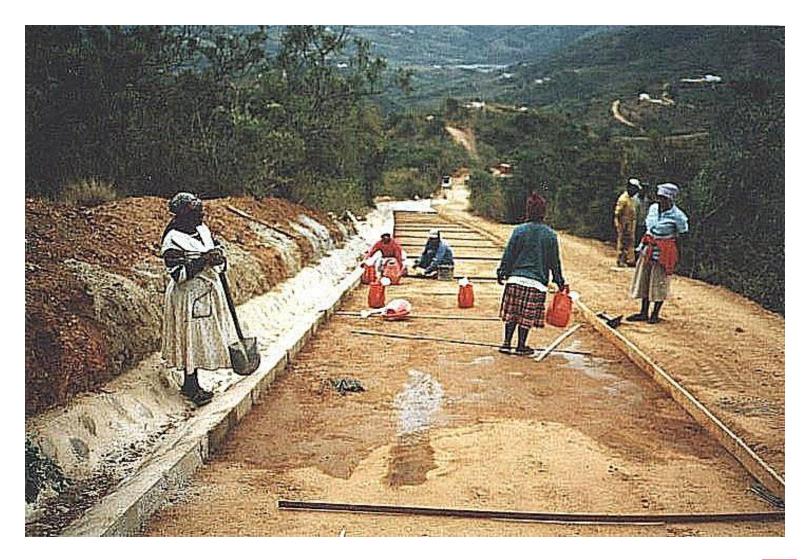


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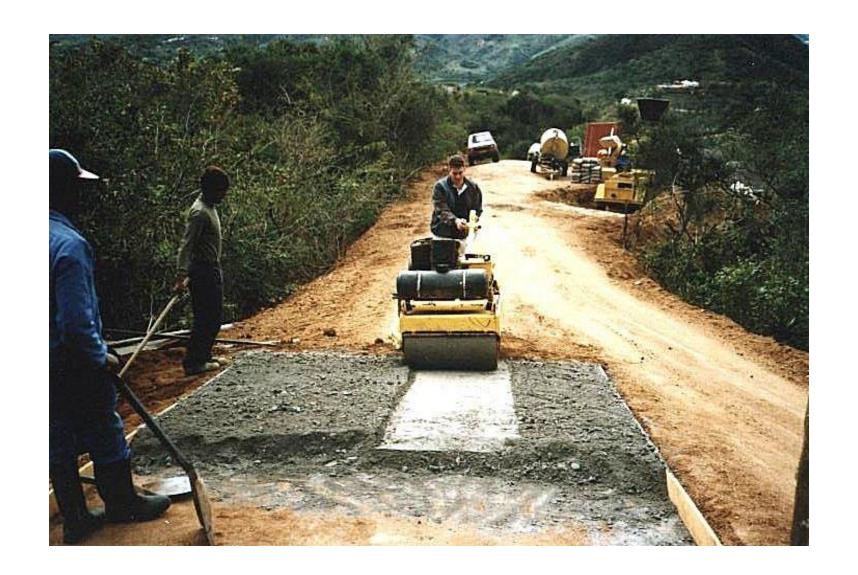


































Rollcrete in Spain

































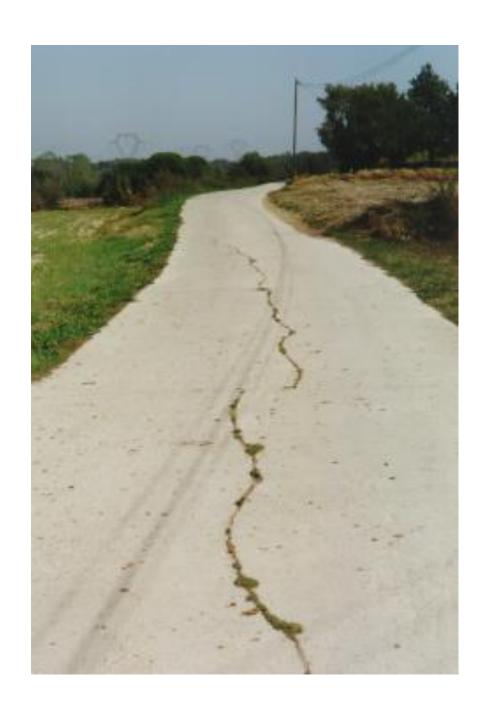


























Cement Grouted Macadam



CGM

- Similar to Waterbound Macadam except a cement grout is vibrated in.
- Benefits
 - Labour intensive
 - No need for asphalt surfacing
 - Similar thickness
 - Increased service life
 - Reduced maintenance
 - No joints



CGM

- Place and compact single-sized stone with void content of 40 to 45% after compaction
- Place a flowable cementitious grout (slump around 200 mm) uniformly on the surface
- Vibratory rolling to achieve full penetration of the grout



CGM

- Trial section was placed in Pimville in 1992
- Full penetration of grout was achieved
- Some displacement of stone during rolling
- Cracks due to stone movement
- Riding quality reasonable
- Adequate strengths were achieved



Conclusion



Conclusions

Both RCC and CGM can provide additional cement based solutions to low-volume concrete road applications





Thank you

... for listening!

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