

# ASSET MANAGEMENT IN AUSTRALASIA

Road Pavement Forum

04/05/2016

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SANRAL

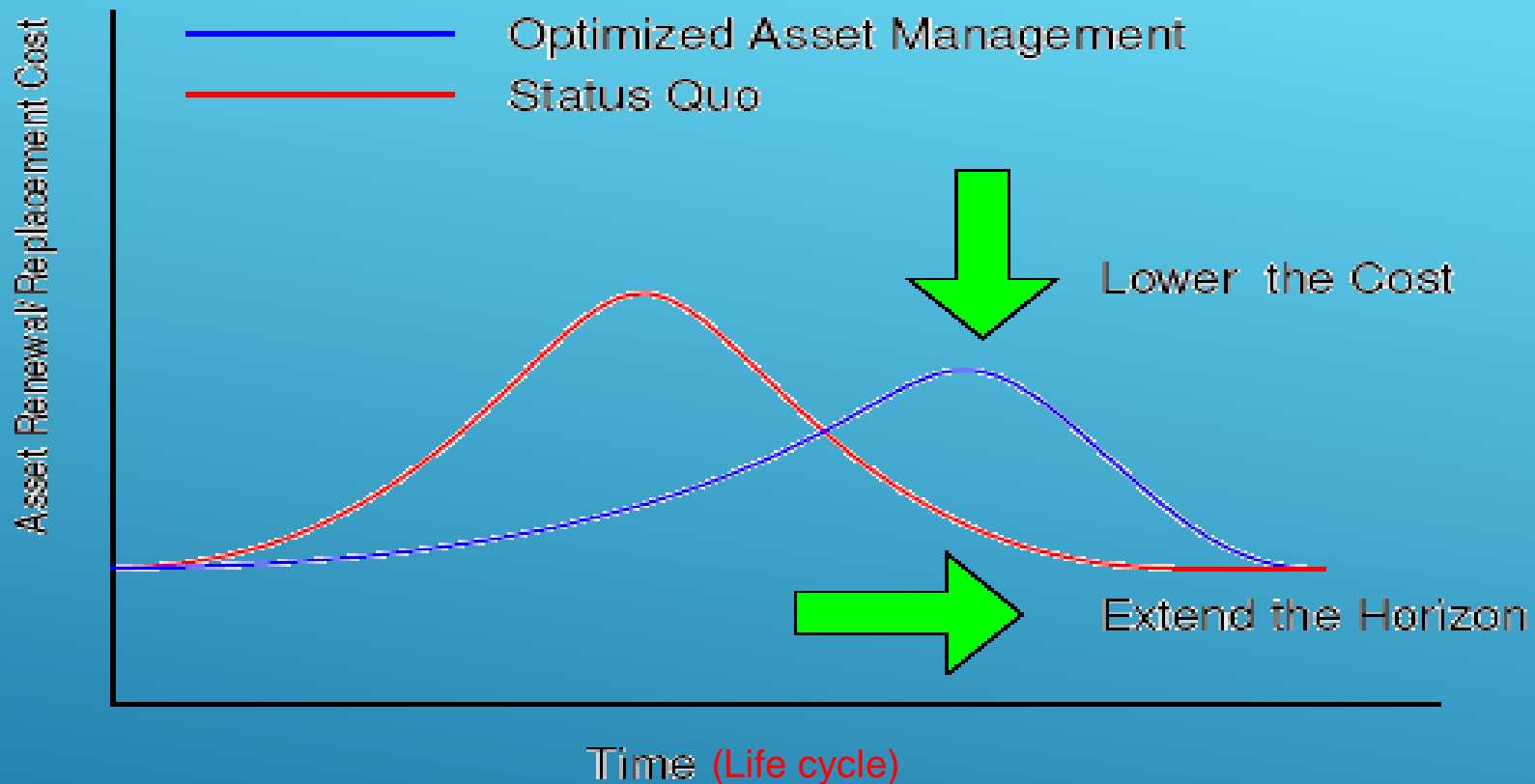


# WE'LL COVER -

- ▶ Asset Management principles
  - ▶ Our reason for being...
  - ▶ NZ & OZ Maintenance scope
  - ▶ Asset Management practice
- 

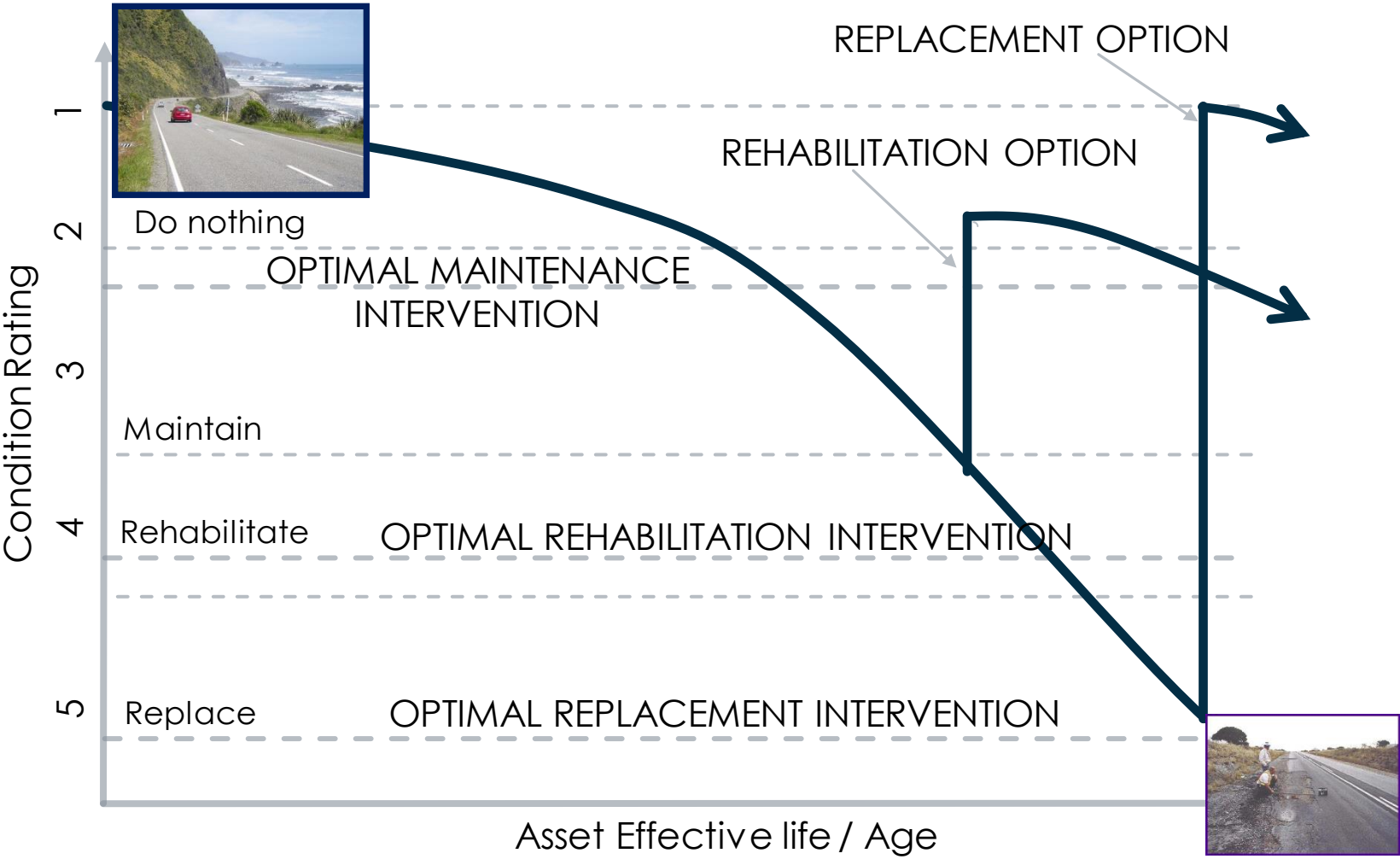
“Asset Management is a *systematic process of planning, operating, maintaining, upgrading and replacing* assets cost effectively with minimum risk and at the *expected* levels of service over the assets life cycle”

WHAT IS ASSET MANAGEMENT?



## ASSET MANAGEMENT AIMS & BENEFITS

# Intervention timing



Source: The Sealed Road Pavement Lifecycle (IPWEA, 2006)

# ASSET MANAGEMENT

**Asset  
Outputs  
(LOS)**



**Decision  
Making Process**

**Customer  
expectations**

**Asset  
knowledge**



**Performance**

**Cost**

**Risk**

# THE REASON FOR BEING....

## Are you Customer Focused or Customer Driven?



### Customer-focused

- ▶ We think *about* our customers
- ▶ Believe customers are *important*
- ▶ Focus on *internal issues*
- ▶ Use information to *change the customer*
- ▶ Do things that *work for the company*
- ▶ Staff are *advocates for the company*
- ▶ Decisions are made *without thinking about the customers.*

### Customer-driven

- ▶ We think **like** our customers
- ▶ Know customers are **our business**
- ▶ Focus on the **customer's world**
- ▶ Use information to **change their business**
- ▶ Do things that **work for the customer**
- ▶ Staff are *advocates for **the customer***
- ▶ Customers are **considered before** decisions are made.

# CUSTOMER AND STAKEHOLDER EXPECTATIONS

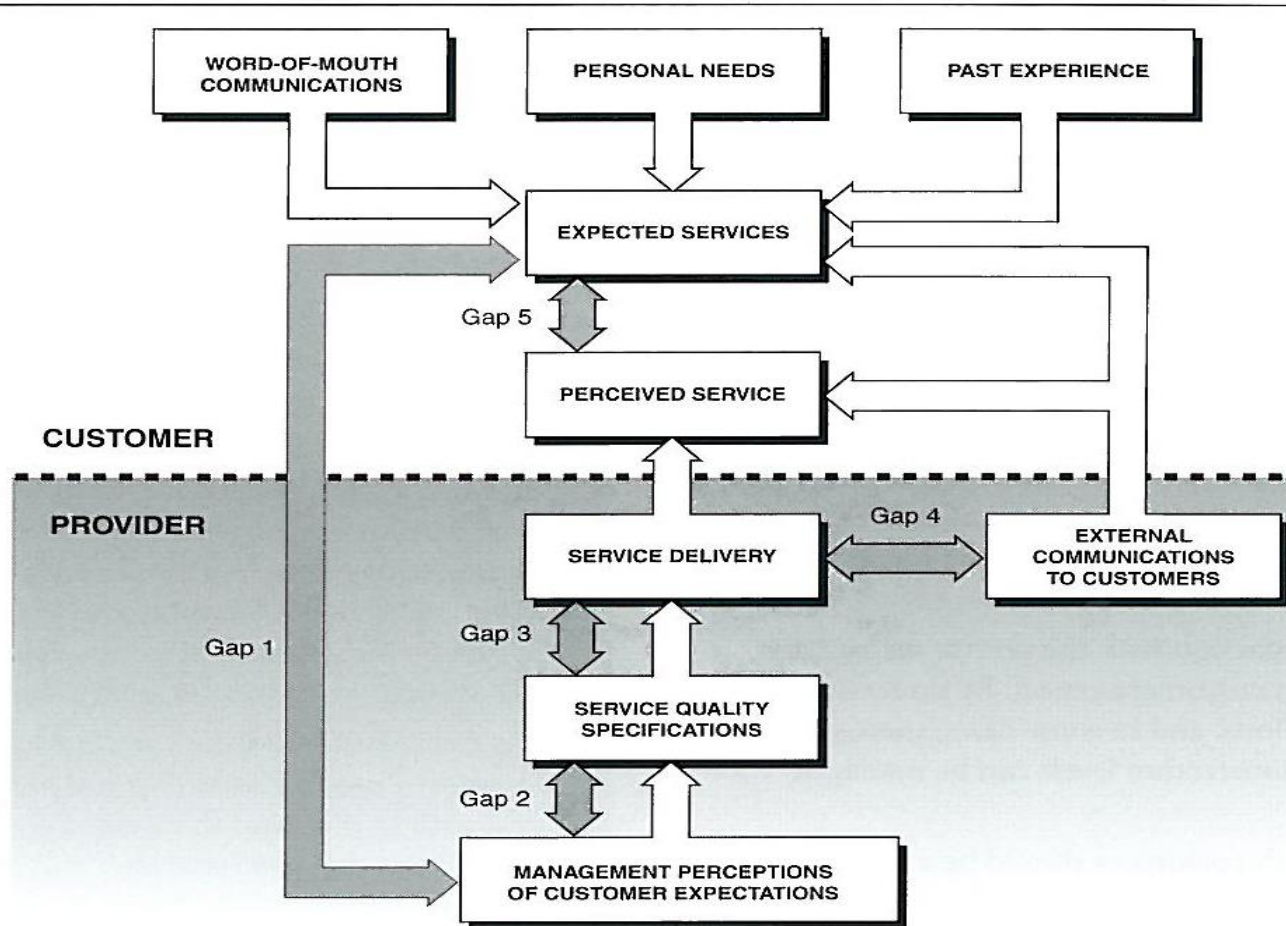


Figure 3.1.9: Service Gap Model



NZTA 2016



NZ TRANSPORT AGENCY  
WAKA KOTAHI

## Our priorities over the next three years

1. Make it easy for customers to do business with us.
2. Predictable journeys for urban customers.
3. Integrate road and rail to improve freight network productivity.
4. Safer speeds that are right for the road.
5. Driving value through smart road maintenance.
6. Make urban cycling a safer and more attractive transport choice.

NZTA 2006



The **2006 User Satisfaction Survey** identified corners as a source of motorist dissatisfaction.

Open road corners are also responsible for 15% of Injury crashes.

## CORNERS

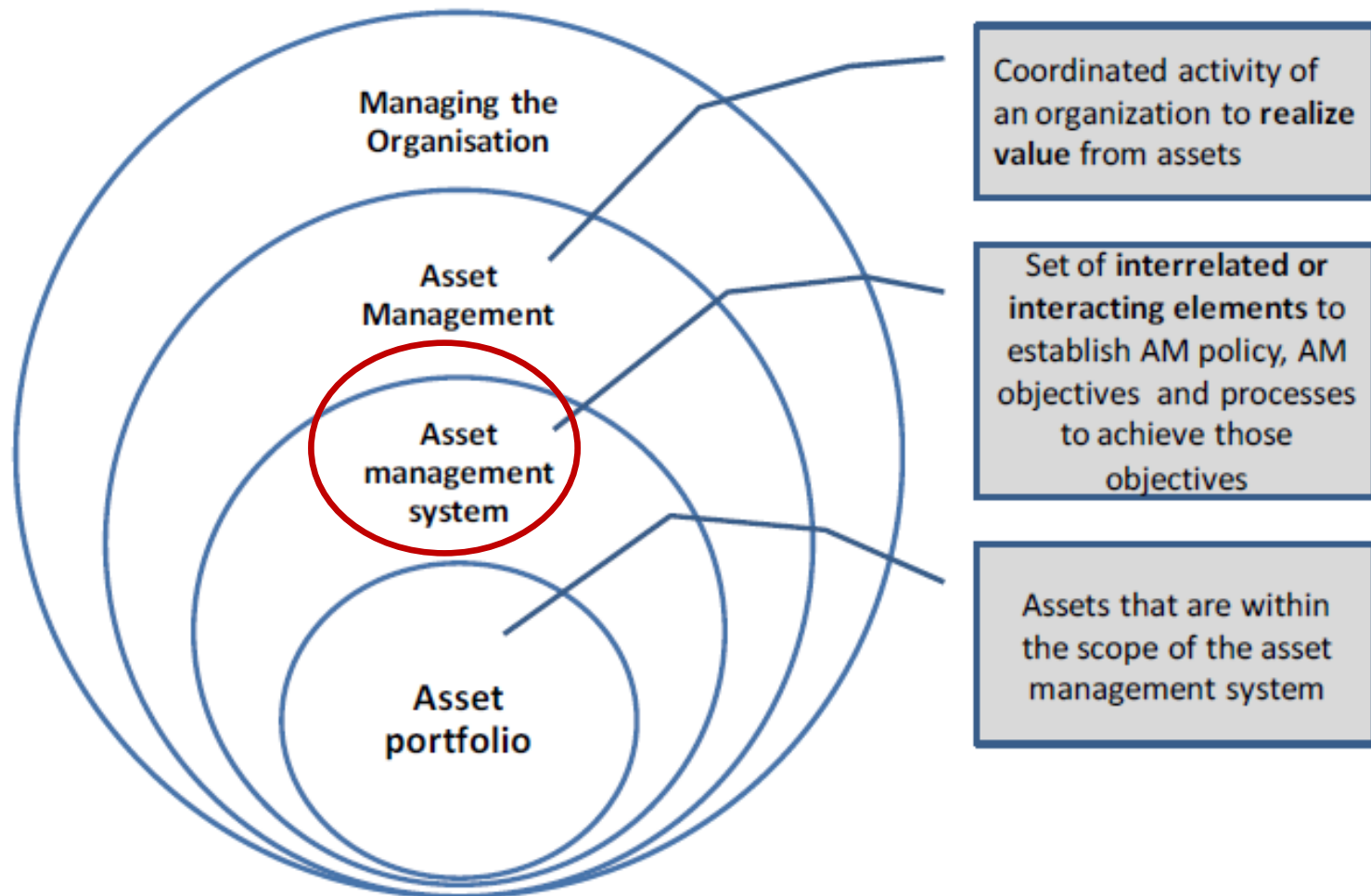
**Lesson:** Sometimes your customers **do** know what's wrong with your product. It pays to listen to them.



**MRWA Mission  
2015**

To provide world class  
outcomes for the customer  
through a safe, reliable  
and sustainable road-based  
transport system

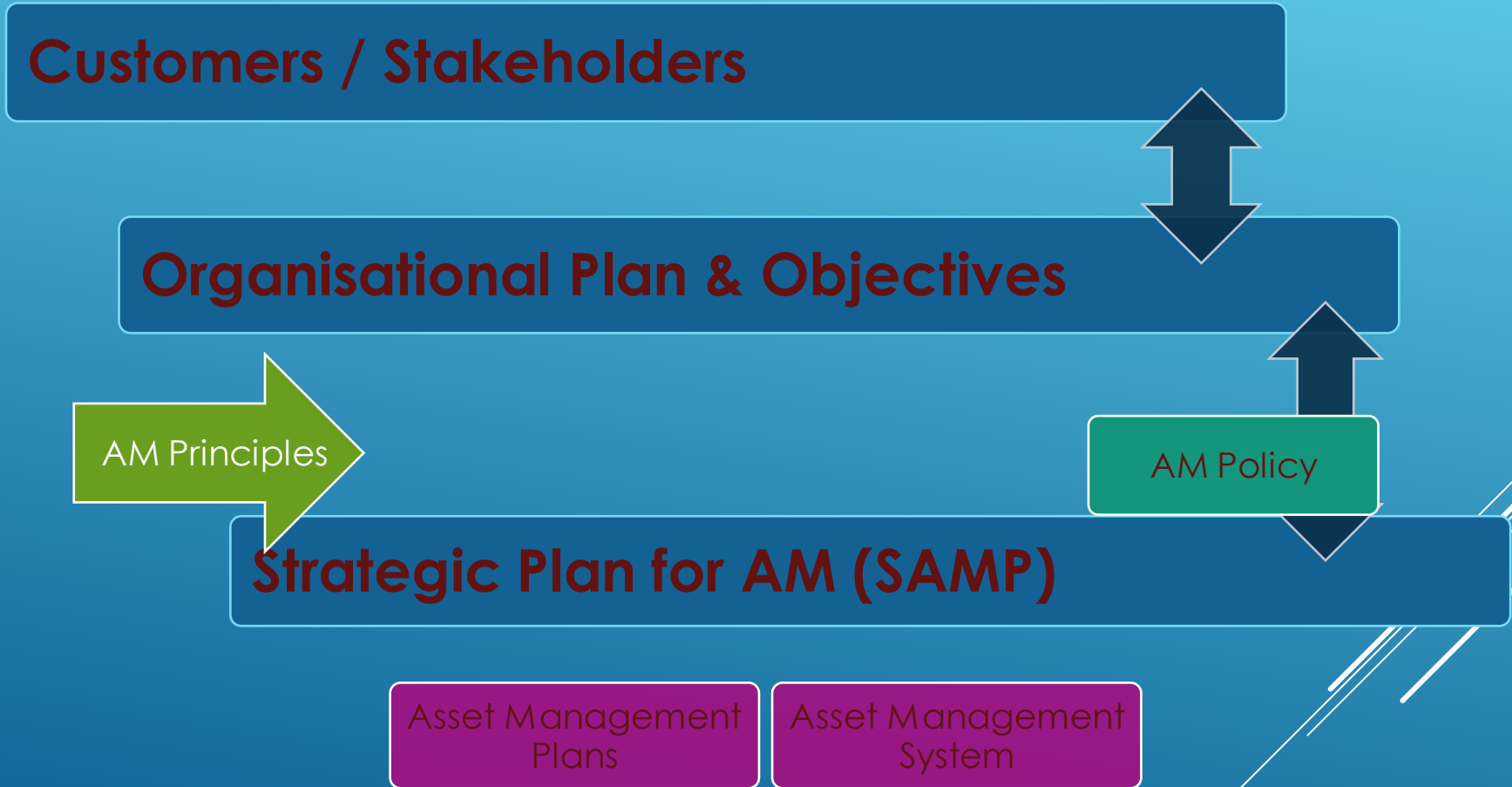
# ISO 55000 Asset Management Standard



# ASSET MGMT SYSTEMS

- ▶ Asset management policy
  - ▶ Asset management objectives
  - ▶ Strategic asset management plan (SAMP)
  - ▶ Asset management plans
- 
- A decorative graphic consisting of several parallel white lines of varying lengths, slanted upwards from left to right, located in the bottom right corner of the slide.

# ASSET MGMT SYSTEMS



▶ NZ

- ▶ RAMM Software Ltd
- ▶ Good data base and tools (geospacial asset detail, maintenance detail (patching, potholes, reseal, rehab, etc)
- ▶ Integrates with dTIMMs prediction modelling
- ▶ Not soooo user friendly (but changing)



▶ WA

- ▶ Local Gov – ROMANII Software (RAMM + a few improvements) (LGs)
- ▶ Main Roads WA – own system (ITIS) being developed
  - ▶ At this stage not as powerful as RAMM but good vision for it.



# ASSET MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

- ▶ All asset replacement (OPEX)
  - ▶ Corridor management
    - ▶ Asset management
    - ▶ Stakeholder engagement
    - ▶ Statutory control
  - ▶ Preventative Maintenance
    - ▶ Resurfacing
  - ▶ Asset Renewals
    - ▶ Culvert replacement
    - ▶ Pavement rehabilitation
    - ▶ Shoulder works
    - ▶ Road marking
  - ▶ Routine Maintenance
    - ▶ Drainage
    - ▶ Slips & slumps
    - ▶ Potholes
    - ▶ Edge breaks
    - ▶ Etc
  - ▶ Traffic management for the above

*NZ & OZ  
quite similar*



MAINTENANCE  
SCOPE OF WORK



# MRWA Wheatbelt 2015

## Data Analysis /

Historical works achievement, cost and performance

Crash data

Traffic data

Condition data

Inventory data

Customer feedback

Develop draft / perpetual Forward Works Program from unconstrained condition modelling

## Filters

### Levels Of Service (LOS)

LOS Gap analysis

Road standards

RMIP's

### Known Works

Regional Link Plans & Strategies

RAPID Infrastructure investment needs

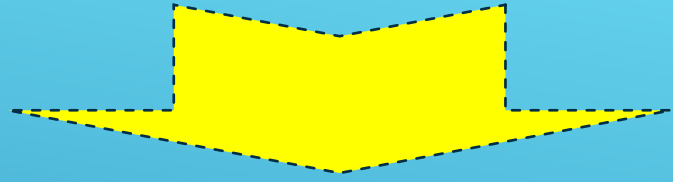
Bridge Program

### Capital Works

- NSIP
- RRE
- Blacksp. †
- RRoRC
- Nation Building
- Safer Roads

Integration of maintenance and bridge capital works and improvement

"POLITICAL" PROJECTS – projects with other urgent priority



Draft Annual Works Program – unconstrained

Field verification: reseals, pavement repairs, shoulders, vegetation, etc.

Confirmed treatments for Annual Works Program

Treatment prioritisation according to budget constraints

"Final" Annual Works Program

Approval

Development of Project Charter

Project Delivery

Develop business case for additional funding

Input into Confirmed works program

Yes

Approved

No

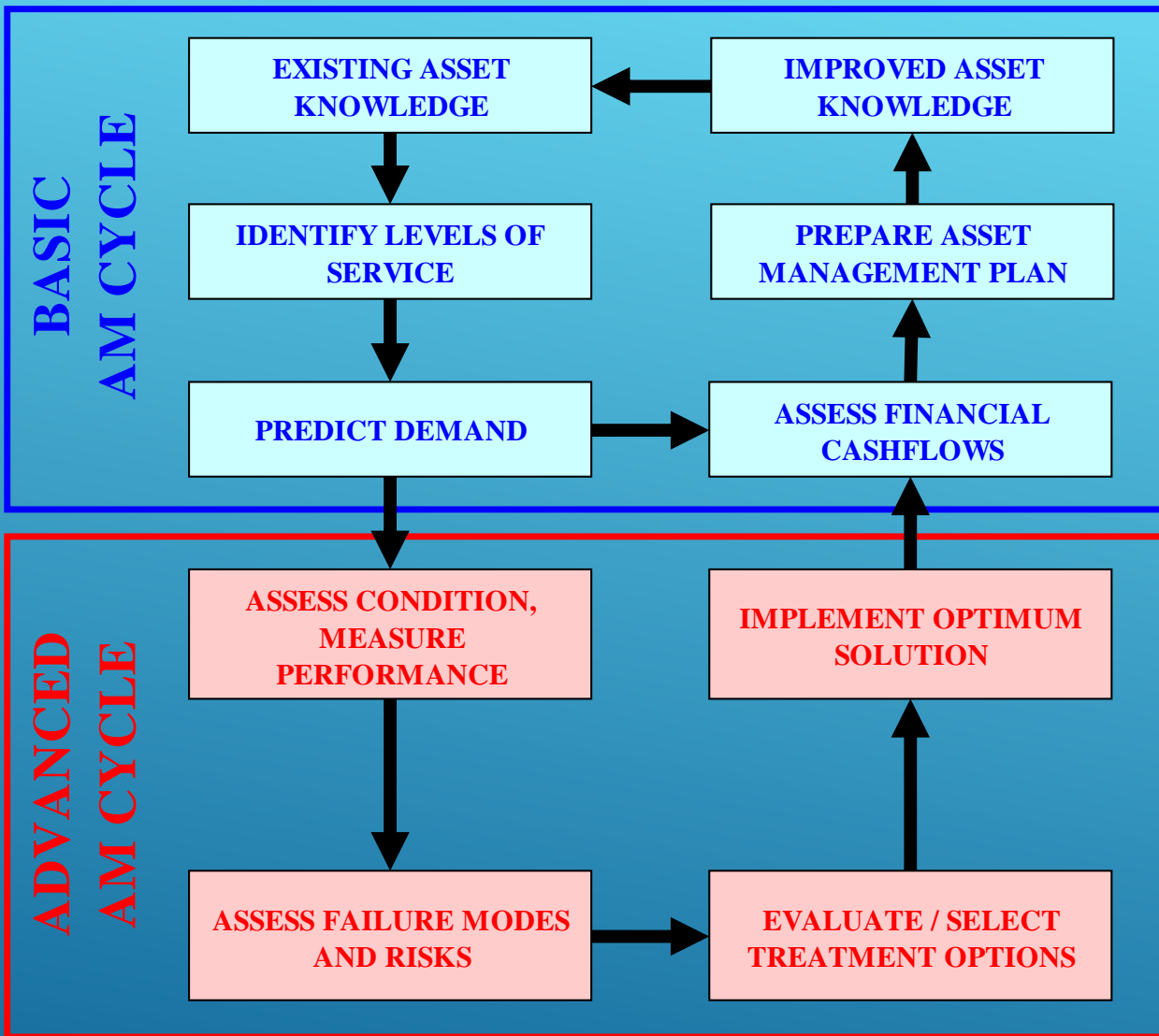
## DEFERRED MAINTENANCE REPORT

- Known locations
- Work types
- Costs

Outcomes:

- Multi yr Forward works program
  - Treatment selection
- Multi yr Budget
- Asset Management Planning

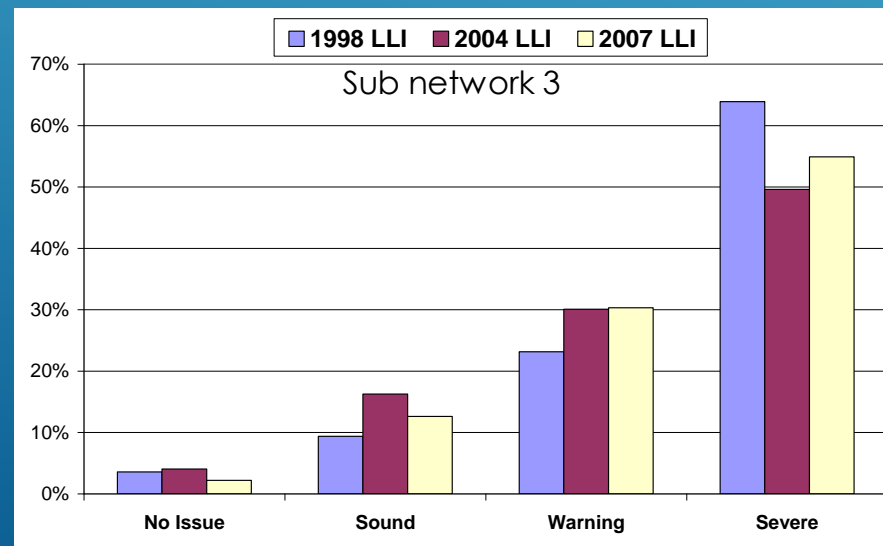
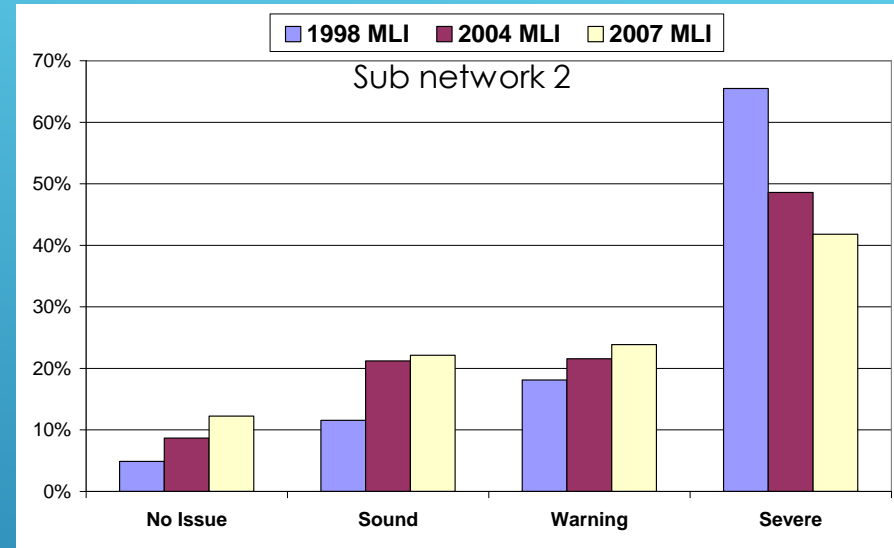
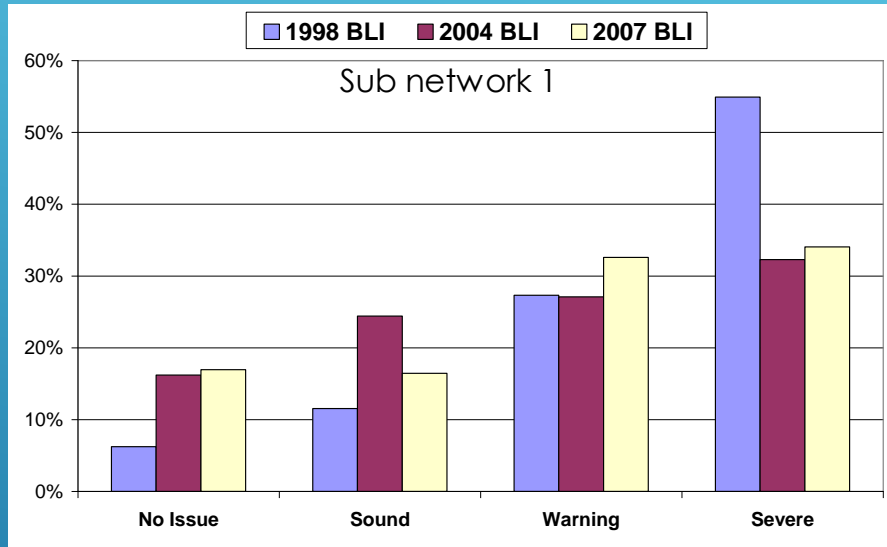
*PSMC tender 2009*



# ASSET MANAGEMENT CYCLES

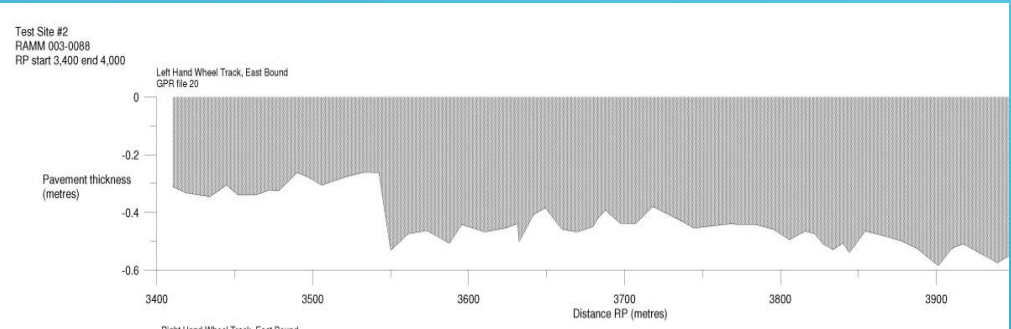
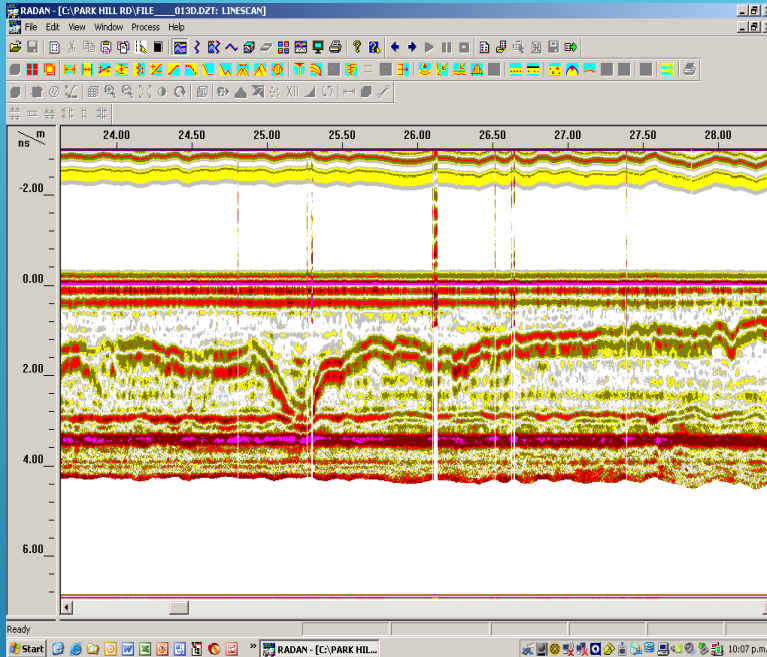
# DEFLECTION BOWL DISTRIBUTIONS

(Pavement Stiffness)

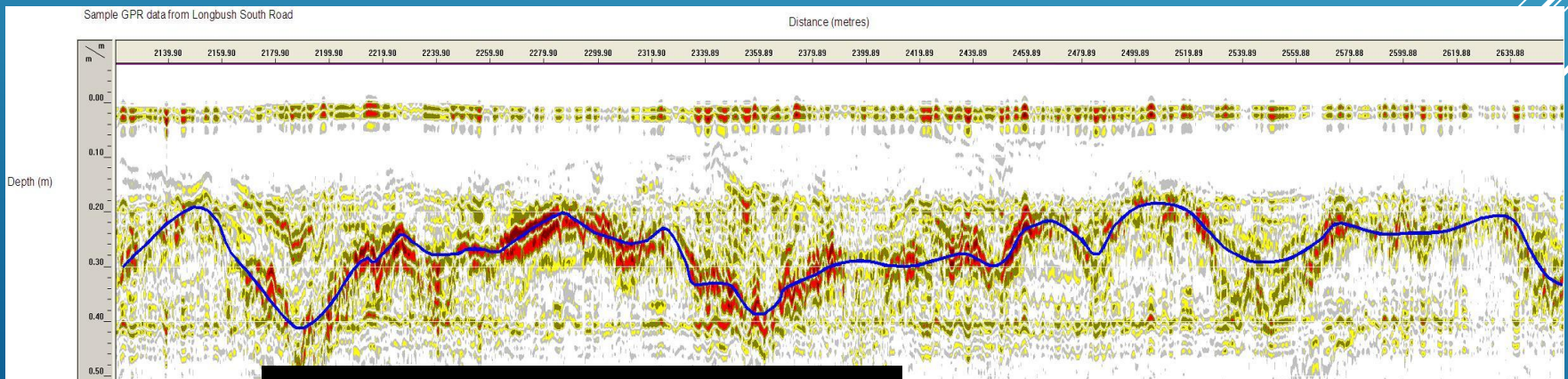


Analysis distributions to determine patterns & understand networks

# PROJECT LEVEL HIGH SPEED SITE INVESTIGATION – GPR



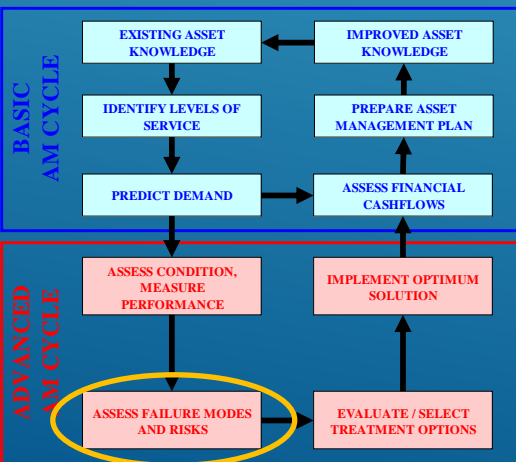
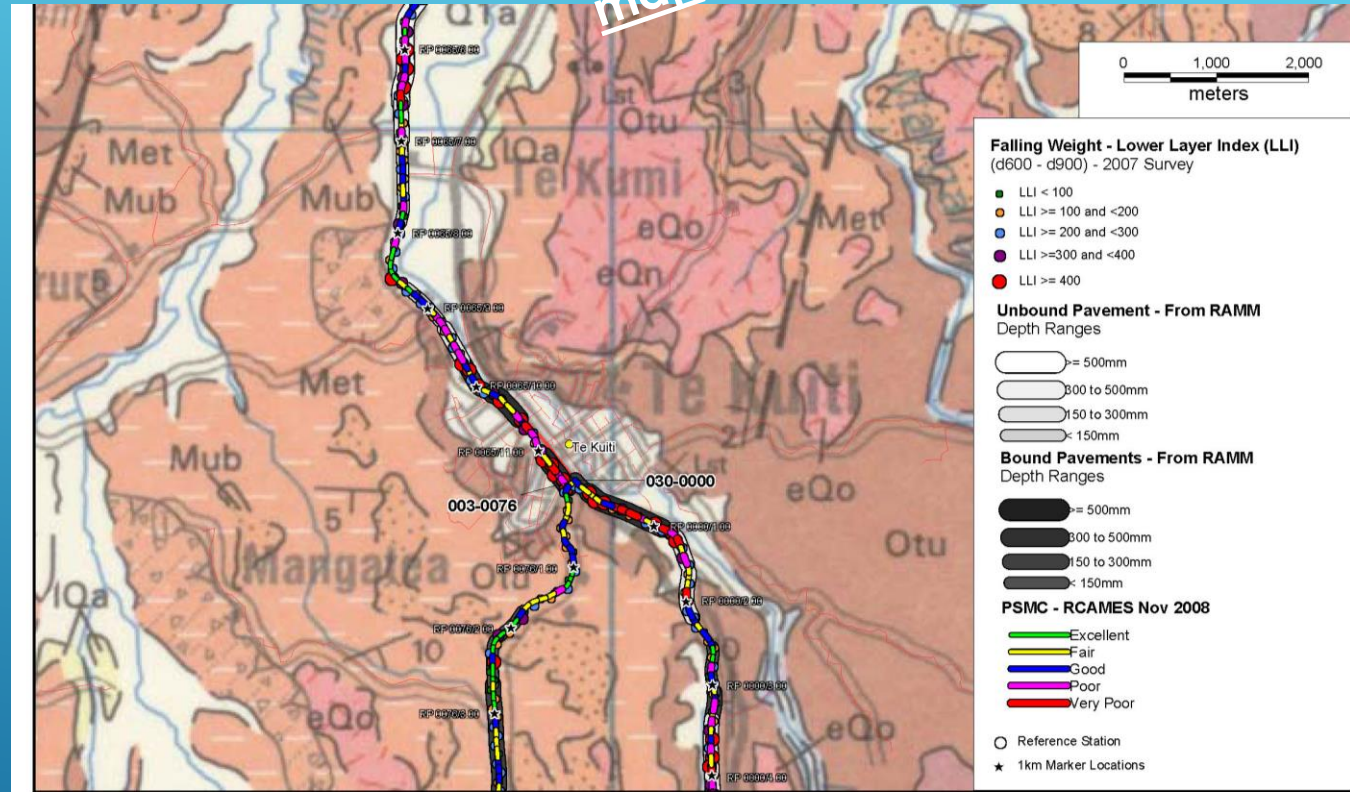
Reported Data



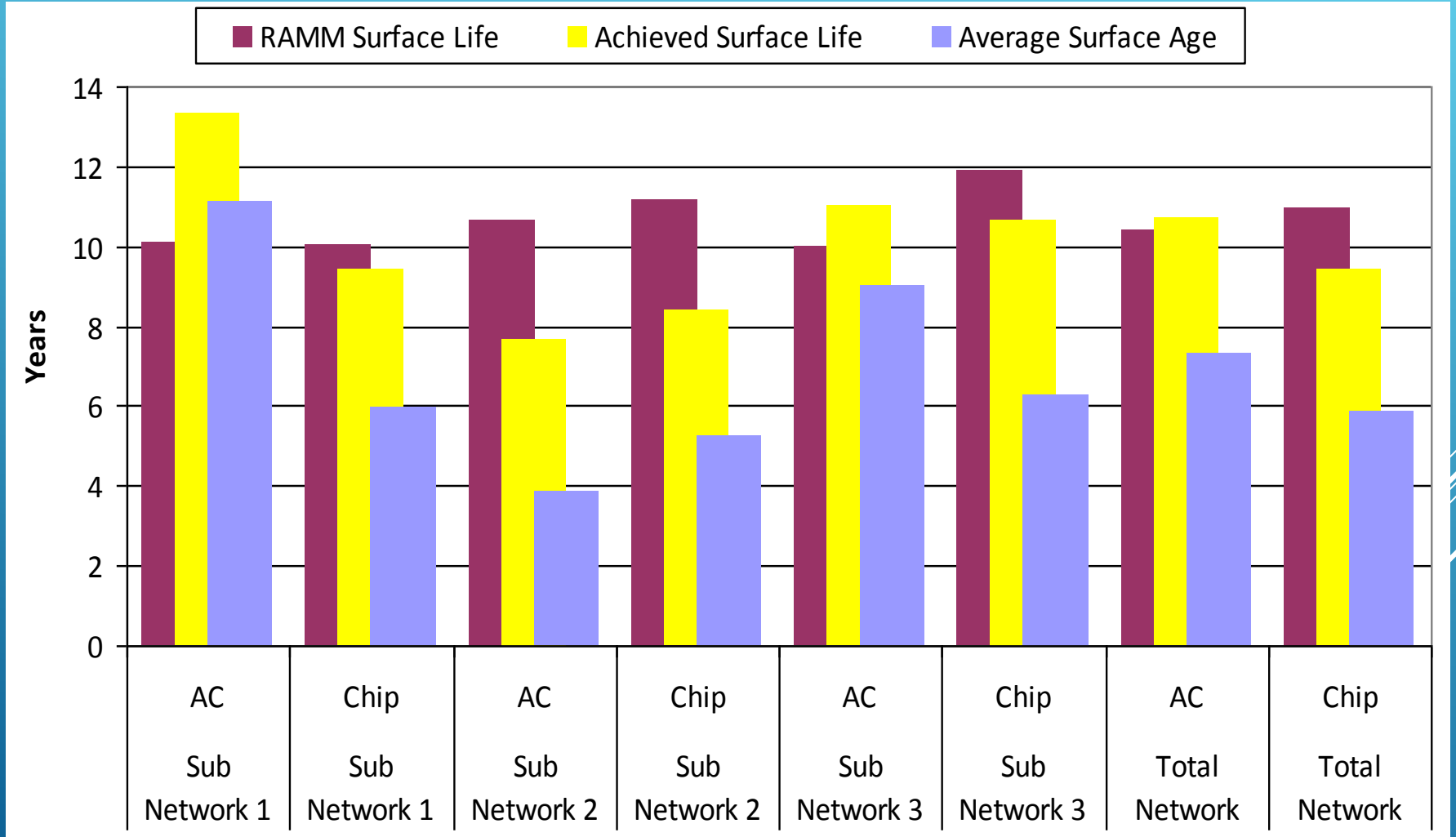
Interpretation of the data

# GEOLOGY

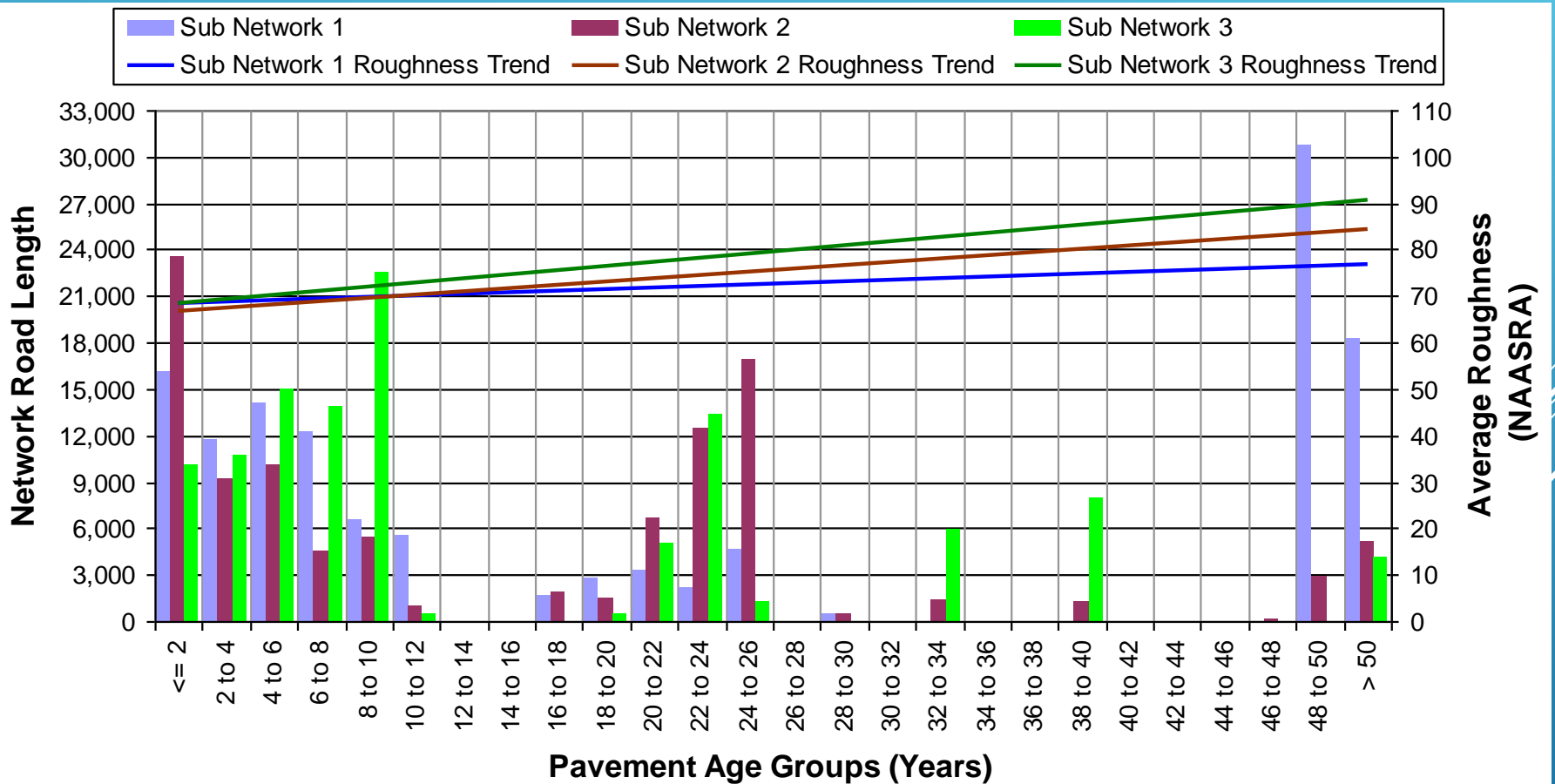
Overlay BLI, MLI & LLI with  
Visual details over geological  
map



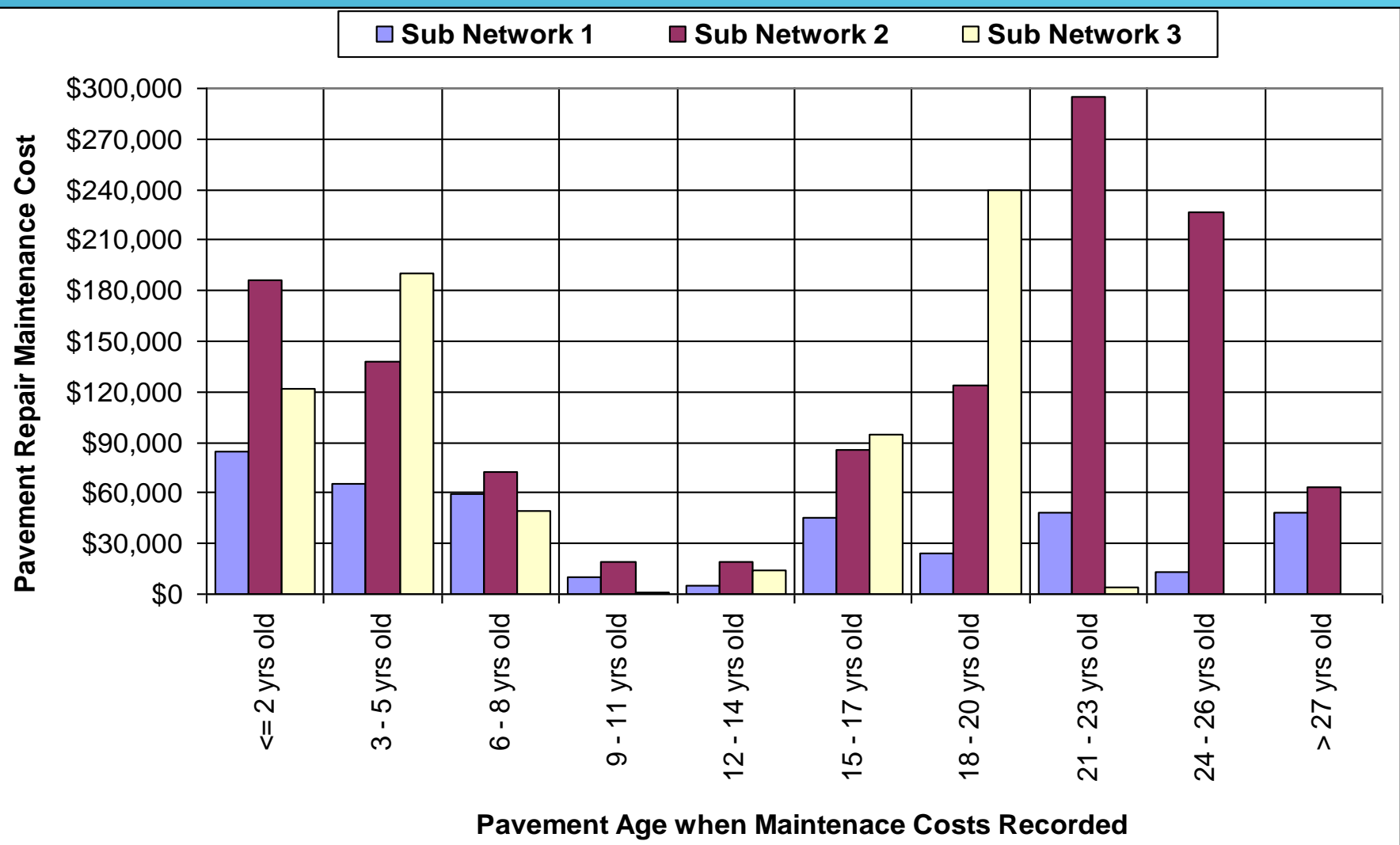
# CURRENT SURFACE LIFE



# CURRENT NETWORK CONDITION

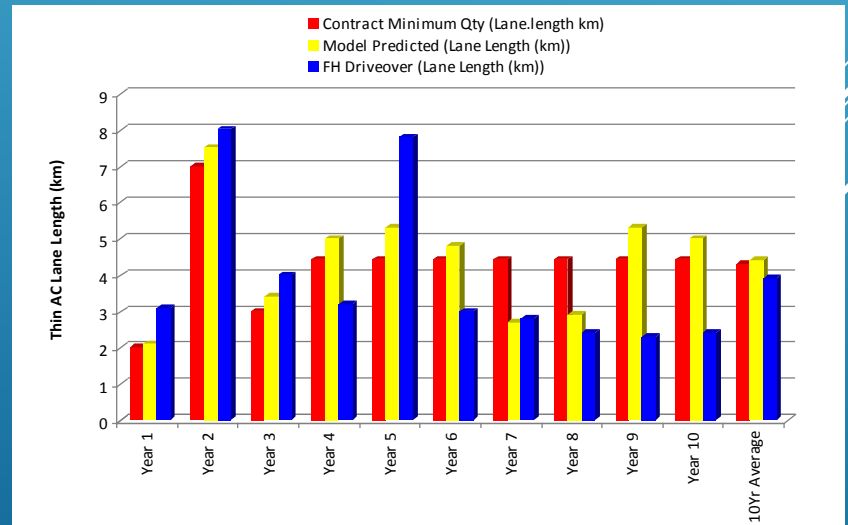
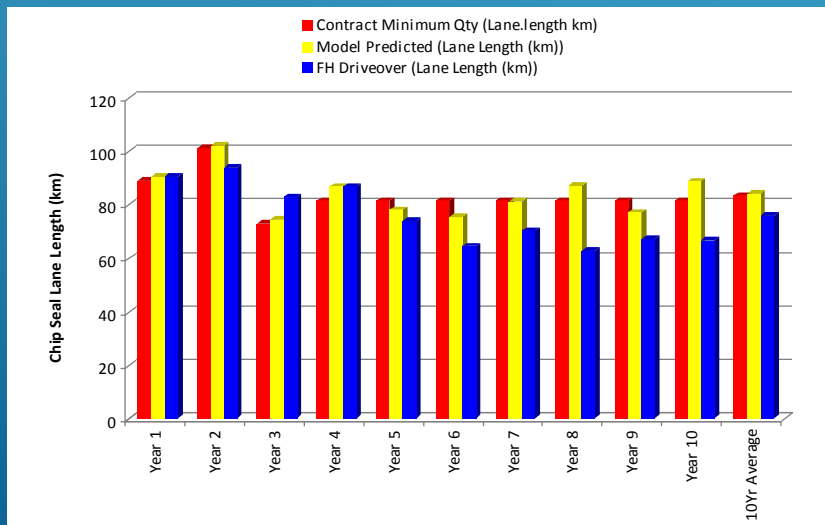
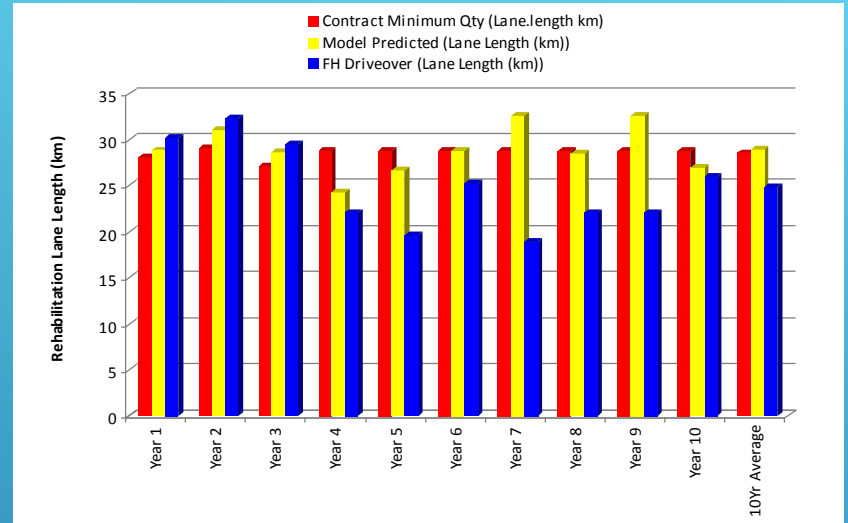
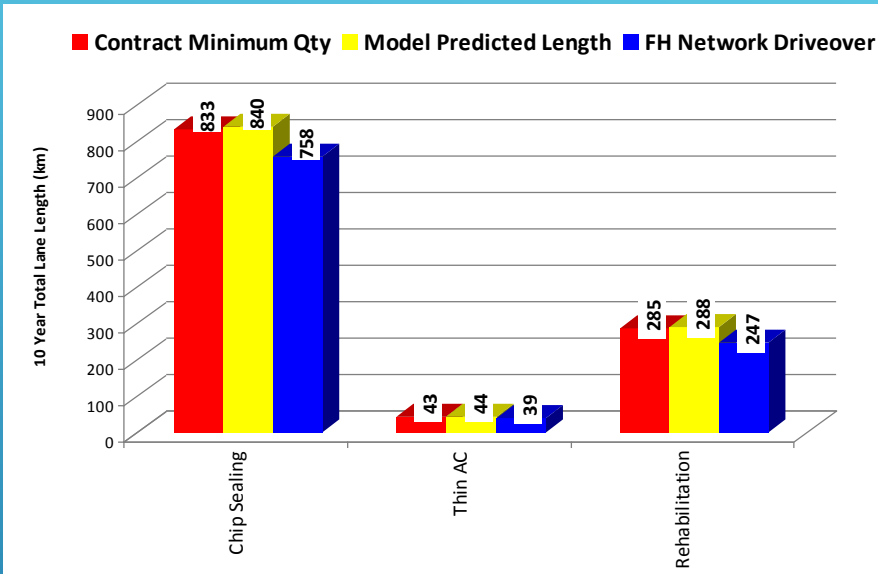


# PREMATURE PAVEMENT FAILURES





# DTIMMS MODEL PREDICTIONS

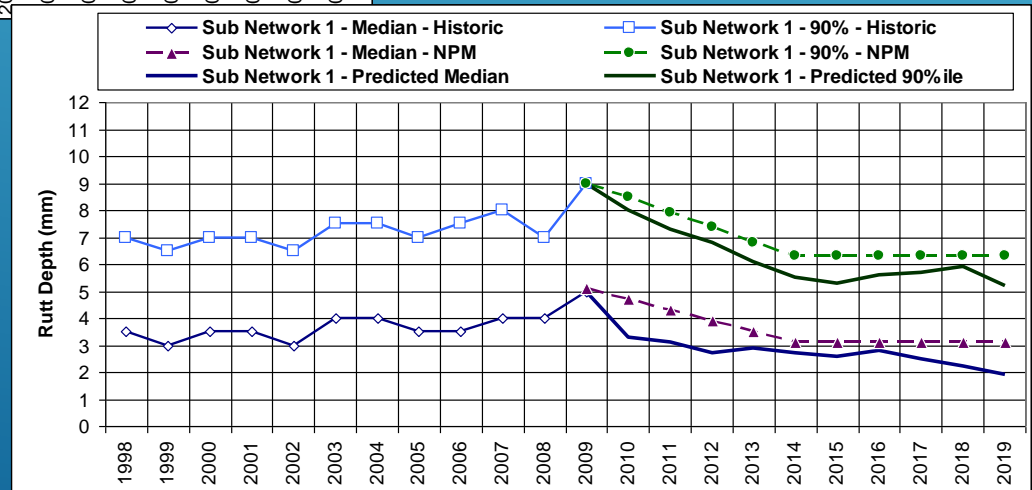
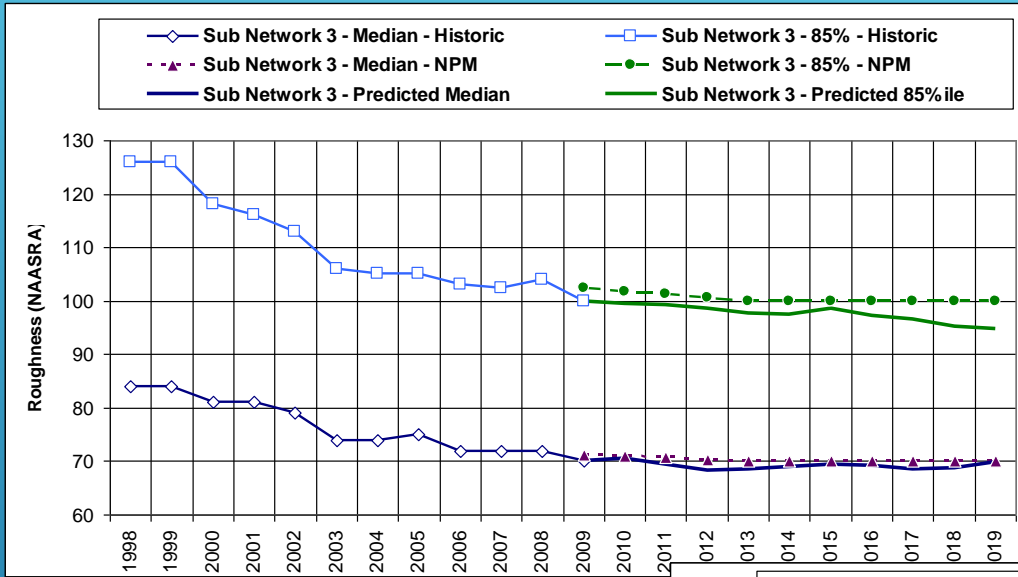


# FIELD DRIVE-OVER NOTES & VERIFICATION

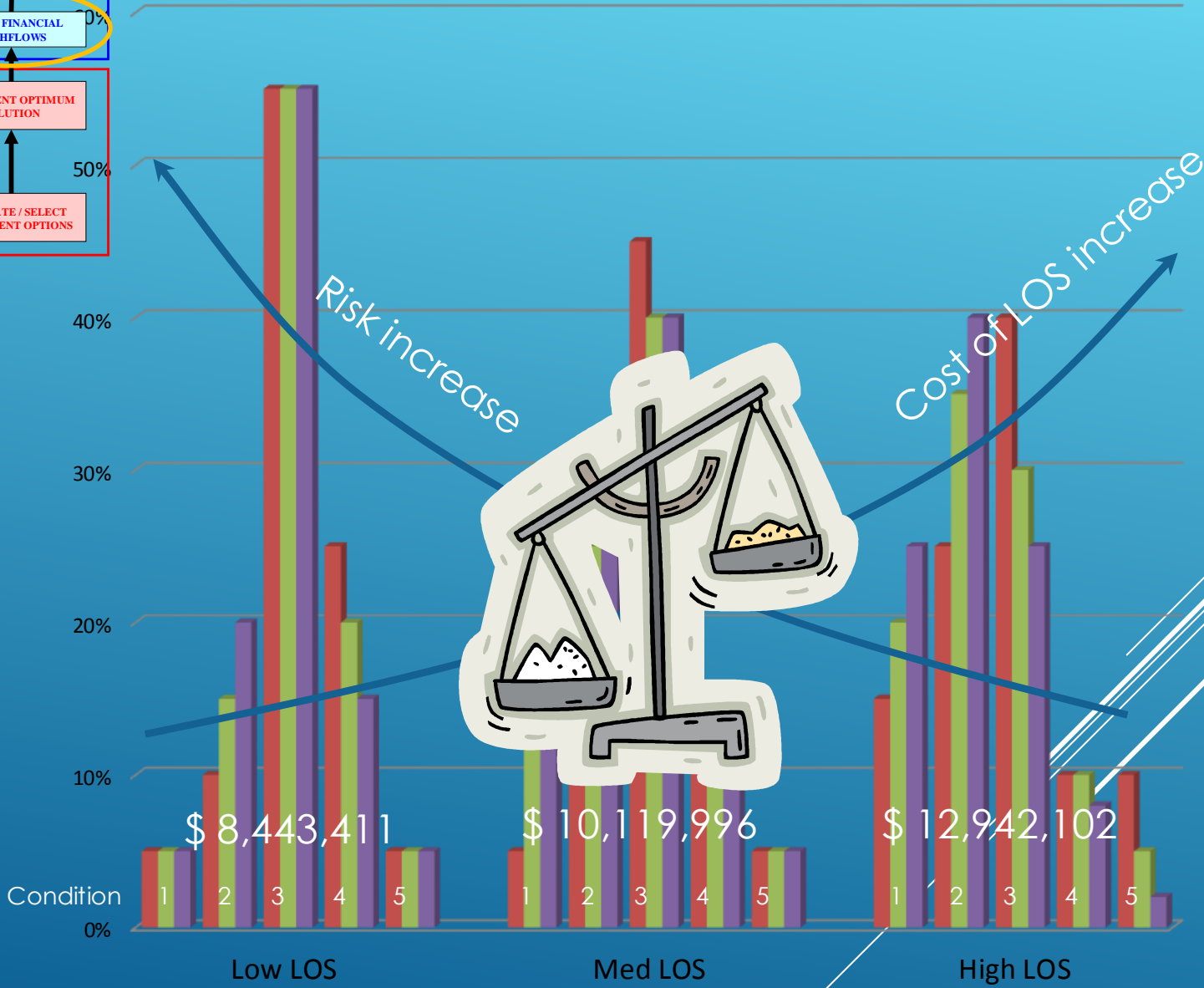
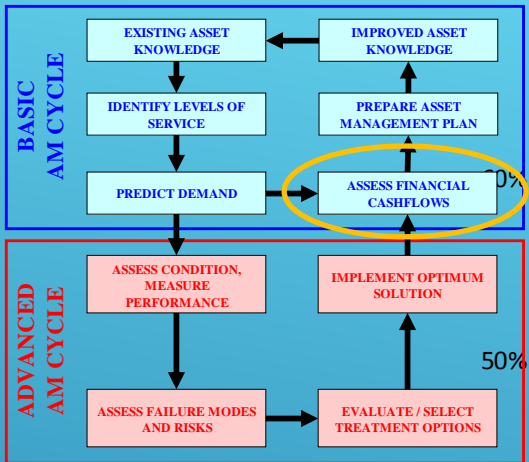
- Analysis each uniform section using Excell spreadsheet to determine draft FWP
- Carry out visual to confirm draft FWP

R.AMM Name	Start	End	Pavement Age	Pavement Depth	Additive Quantity (%)	FWD Peak Deflection (mm)	Base Layer Index	Middle Layer Index	Lower Layer Index	Subgrade Response	Geology Type
003-0076	6700	6800	23	200	0	0.78	285	232	82	8	Q1a
003-0076	6800	6900	23	200	0	0.40	163	107	58	261	Q1a
003-0076	6900	7000	23	200	0	0.65	217	162	63	-13	Q1a
003-0076	7000	7100	23	230	0	0.41	139	74	47	-18	Met
003-0076	7100	7200	7	300	0	0.87	271	244	135	23	Met
003-0076	7200	7300	7	300	0	0.56	277	117	46	10	Met
003-0076	7300	7400	7	300	0	0.53	208	158	77	182	Met
003-0076	7400	7500	1	424	0	0.77	419	216	35	55	Met
003-0076	7500	7600	1	480	5	0.94	367	256	89	7	Met
003-0076	7600	7700	1	334	5	0.28	119	38	35	-18	Met
003-0076	7700	7800	11	280	5	0.55	106	154	59	18	Met
003-0076	7800	7900	11	280	3	0.62	205	151	61	-6	Met

# DTIMMS MODEL PREDICTIONS



# PSMC Network - LOS





MAINTENANCE  
CONTRACT TYPES

NEW ZEALAND



## ▶ SOMAC or 'traditional' maintenance contracts

- ▶ Both LG and NZTA contracts
- ▶ Generally 3yrs plus 1 + 1 contracts
- ▶ Measure and value SOQ contract
- ▶ Consultant road superintendent carries out asset management and issues works orders.
- ▶ Few OPM, KPM or NPM
- ▶ Consultant does quality checks
- ▶ Master / slave relationship
  
- ▶ **RISK BALANCE: NZTA high / Contractor low**
- ▶ **Budget NZ\$ 3-5 M p.a**



CONTRACT TYPES - NZ

## ▶ Hybrid Contracts

- ▶ Generally only NZTA
  - ▶ Generally 3-5 years +1+1
  - ▶ Consultant and Contractor collaboratively carry out asset management and determine FWP
  - ▶ Measure and value SOQ contract with performance items
  - ▶ OPM, KPM or NPM to measure performance
  - ▶ Contractor does quality checks
  - ▶ Beginnings of relationship contracting
- 
- ▶ **RISK BALANCE: NZTA med/ Contractor med**
  - ▶ **Budget NZ\$ 5-10 M p.a**

CONTRACT TYPES - NZ

## ▶ Performance Specification Maintenance Contracts

- ▶ Only NZTA (although could be in conjunction with LG)
- ▶ Generally 10 years (5yr for bridges)
- ▶ Contractor led asset management and FWP
- ▶ OPM, KPM or NPM to measure performance
- ▶ Monthly LS performance items & underpinned quantities of work
- ▶ Contractor responsible for all ie basically road authority
  
- ▶ **RISK BALANCE:** NZTA low/ Contractor high
- ▶ Budget NZ\$ 10-12 M p.a

CONTRACT TYPES - NZ

*Expects contractor to do ideal for  
network ie look long term for work  
types.*



## ▶ Alliance Contracts

- ▶ Generally 10 years
  - ▶ NZTA, Consultant and Contractor carry out asset management and determine FWP together, dependant on strengths
  - ▶ OPM, KPM or NPM to measure performance
  - ▶ Resources determined as required by FWP
  - ▶ Contractor does quality checks
- 
- ▶ **RISK BALANCE:** NZTA med/ Contractor low
  - ▶ **Budget NZ\$ 10-12 M p.a**

CONTRACT TYPES - NZ

## ▶ Network Outcome Contracts

- ▶ New form of contract - 2015 onwards
- ▶ Focus on the customer journey and optimising asset investment rather than network asset
- ▶ Generally 7 years +1 +1
- ▶ NZTA & Primary supplier carry out asset management and determine FWP together, dependant on strengths
- ▶ A mix of lump sum and measure and value scheduled items
- ▶ Resources varies as required by FWP
- ▶ Contractor does quality checks
- ▶ **RISK BALANCE:** NZTA med/ Contractor low
- ▶ **Budget** NZ\$ 10-15 M p.a

Better alignment between dollars invested and customer network demand will improve overall customer experience

# CONTRACT TYPES - NZ

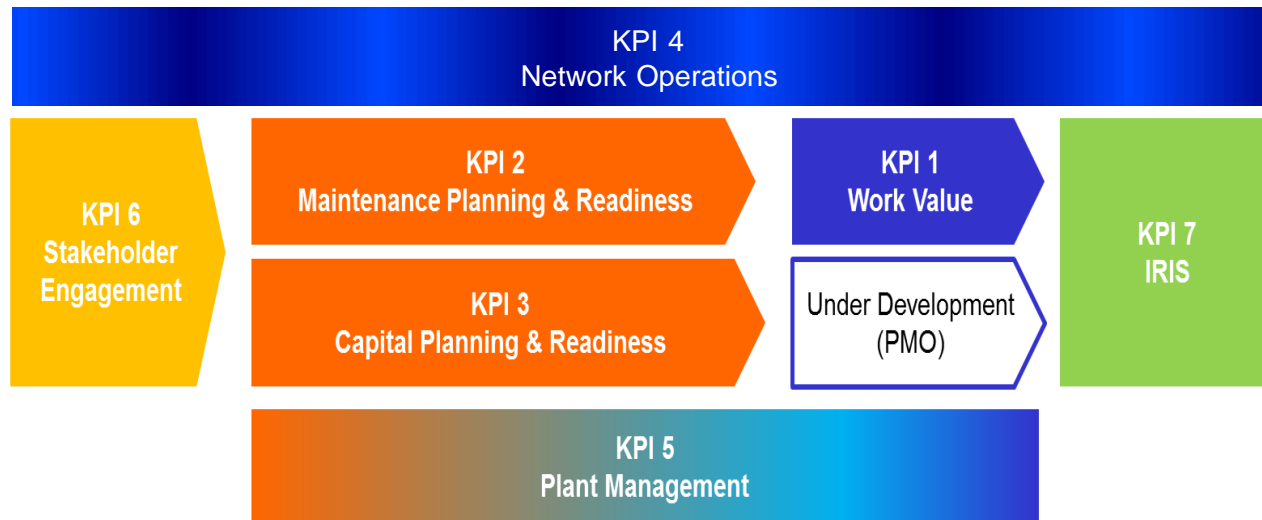
## ▶ **Integrated Services Arrangement model**

*Primary aim of contract form is to insource with the aim of skills transfer into MWRA*

- ▶ Asset management by MRWA
- ▶ Direct management by MRWA
- ▶ Essentially cost plus on labour, plant & materials
- ▶ Budget AU\$ 70-100 M p.a
- ▶ Less emphasis on productivity and value for money in early years.
- ▶ KPIs introduced 2014 to ensure MRWA getting value for money.
  
- ▶ **RISK BALANCE – MRWA HIGH/ CONTRACTOR LOW**
- ▶ **Basically a large scale day works contract with KPIs.**

# CONTRACT TYPES- MAIN ROADS WESTERN AUSTRALIA

# MAIN ROADS KPI'S 2014/15



## KPI 1 Work Value

Budget vs actual maintenance costs and quantities delivered  
 Analyses the variation between the baseline costs and quantities  
 Uses Earned Value Analysis

## KPI 2 Maintenance Planning & Readiness

Robust planning in the development of the 10 year Network Plan  
 Readiness for key programmed maintenance activities

## KPI 3 Capital Planning & Readiness

Robust planning in the development of the delivery program  
 Readiness for the capital investment  
 Aligned with the Corporate Readiness KPI

## KPI 4 Network Operations

- Incident planning and response
- Traffic Management planning and delivery

## KPI 5 Plant Management

- Implementation of IPWEA best practice plant and fleet management

## KPI 6 Stakeholder Engagement

- Proactive and planned approach to the engagement of key stakeholders
- Focus on ISP supply chain

## KPI 7 IRIS

- Supporting the Asset & Network Information Branch IRIS implementation project

Ask me what is the greatest thing  
in the world?

“He tangata, he tangata, he  
tangata!”

*Translation:* "It is people, it is people, it  
is people!"

*Maori proverb*

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Thank you!



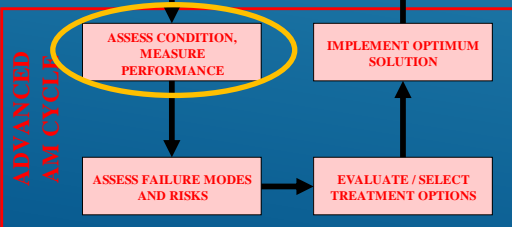
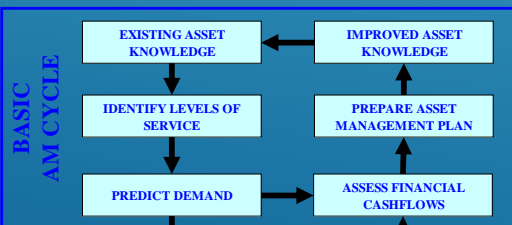
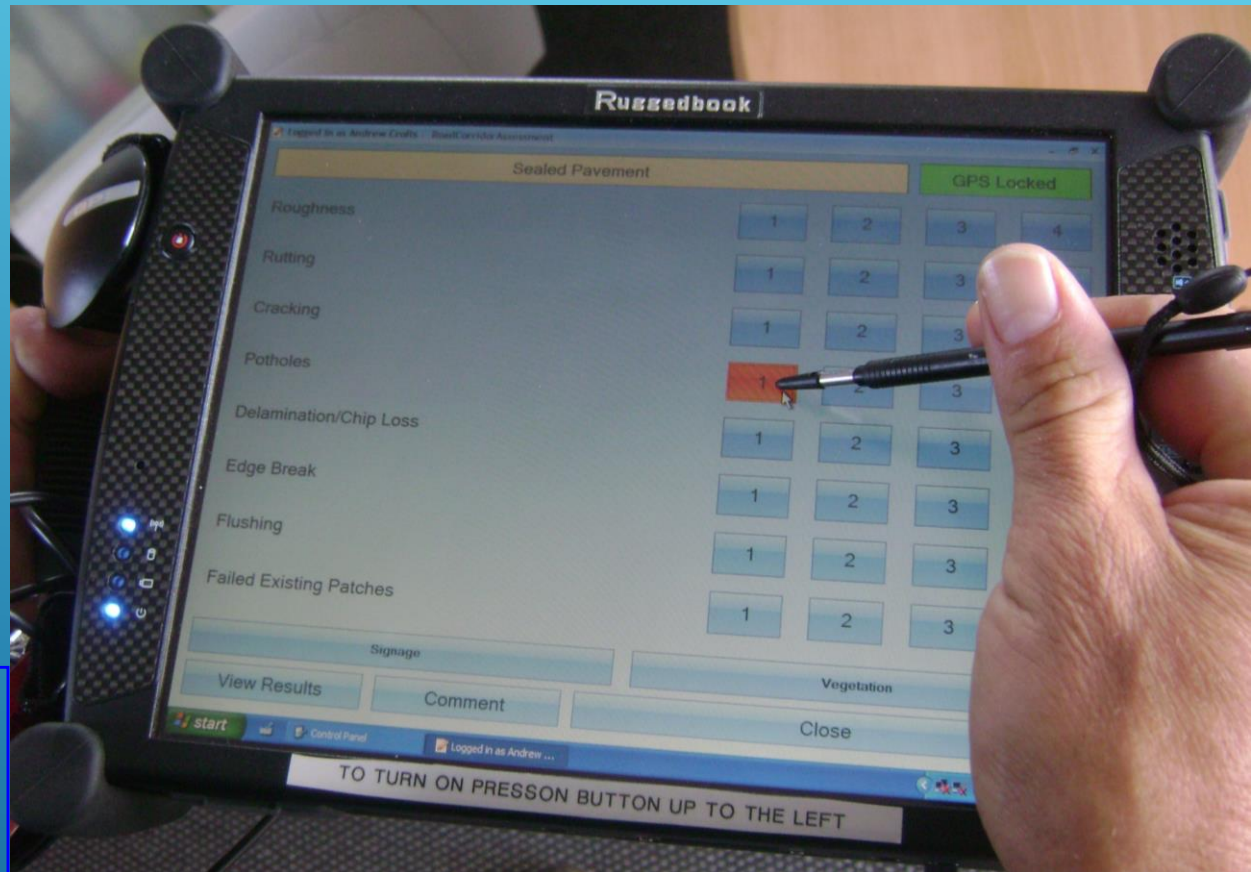
Questions





ASSET MANAGEMENT IN  
PRACTICE...

# VISUAL ASSESSMENT WITH GPS





# PAVEMENT PERFORMANCE MODEL DEVELOPMENT

FWDs provided by NZTA

- Subgrade and Pavement Strength determined from Falling Weight Deflectometer curvatures
- Based on 3 “Zones” of bowl, Base course, Sub-base and Subgrade
- Analysis using RSA technology (Horak & Emery) and pavement design methodology

Figure 1 Curvature zones of a deflection bowl

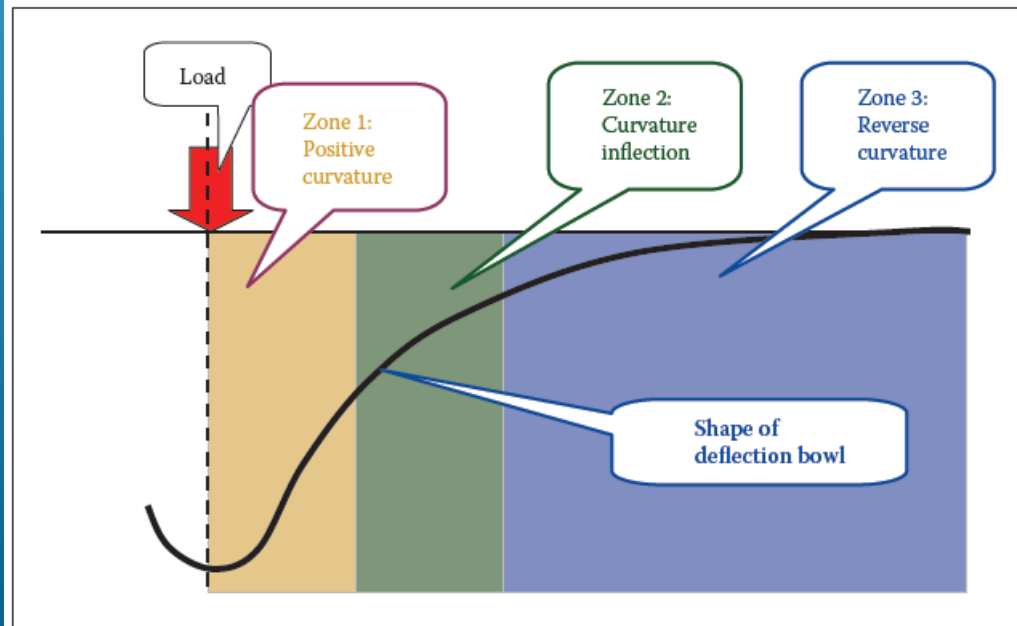


Figure 3 Typical surface moduli plots for pavement structures (Ullidtz 1987)

