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Overview of Airport Developments in South Africa

Road Pavement Forum – CSIR, Pretoria

Presented by

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Introduction

- Current status of airports in South Africa
- Design standards
- Software packages
- Pavement structures
 - Concrete pavements
 - Flexible pavements
- Runway surfaces
- Construction specifications
- Innovation and development needs.



Current status of airports in South Africa

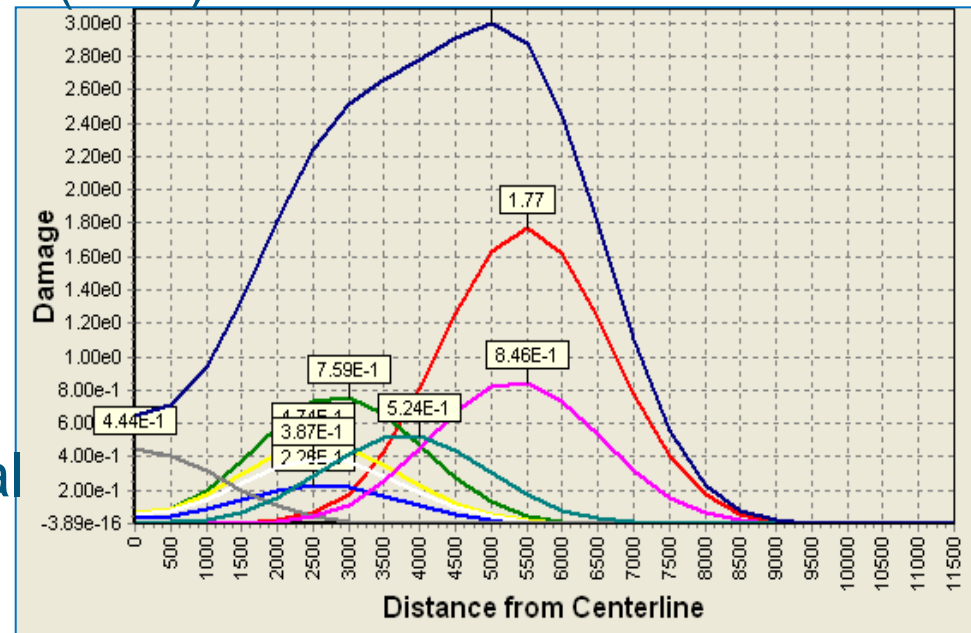
- Roll players
 - South African Civil Aviation Authority (SACAA)
 - Air Traffic and Navigation Services (ATNS)
 - National airports operator - ACSA (Airports Company south Africa)
 - Other airport operators include regional, provincial, municipal and private
- Maintenance projects
 - ACSA
- Expansion projects – improve capacity
 - OR Tambo International Airport (ORTIA)
 - Cape Town
 - Lanseria

Design standards and guidelines

- SACAA – implementation of functional and safety requirements
- International Civil Aviation Origination (ICAO)
 - Aerodrome design manual part 3 – Pavements
 - Annex 14 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation
- Local authorities and agents of the state
- ICAO pavement design manual references
 - Federal Aviation Authority (FAA) of the US
 - United Kingdom practice
 - Canadian practice
 - French practice

Software packages

- Design concepts
 - Design fleet
 - Cumulative Damage Factor (CDF)
 - Lateral wander
 - Semi empirical
 - Finite element
 - Mechanistic
- FAARFIELD
- Airport Pavement Structural Design Systems (APSDS)
- Pavers
 - UEC-Slab



Pavement structures - Concrete

- FAARFIELD
- UEC-Slab
- Plain Jointed Concrete Pavement
- Load transfer devices – dowels
- Thickened edge
- Drainage and erosion resistant subbase



Pavement structures - Flexible

- FAARFIELD
- APSDS
- PAVERS
- FAA standards apply
 - Thick surfacing
 - Bound base
 - Cemented granular subbase (reflective cracking)
- Rethink the use of crushed stone base and thin surfacing (sandwich layer)
- Modified binders – plastomers and elastomers
- SMA surfacing



Runway surfaces – safety first.

- ICAO requirements
 - Rapid surface drainage – transverse slope (1-1,5%)
 - Macro texture – dissipating water between tire and surface 1mm
 - Friction – function of micro texture Gripnumber 0,64 – 0,74
- US practice – grooving the surface (also asphalt surfacing)
- South African practice since 2006
 - UTFC 25 and 20mm surfacings
 - Also proprietary products
 - SMA at King Shaka Int Airport
 - BRASO at East London airport



Construction specifications

- Africa north of the Limpopo
 - British specifications
 - FAA specifications
- In South Africa
 - 1998 COLTO Standard specification for Road and Bridge works for State Authorities.
 - Project specifications address specific airport needs
 - Standardisation of working off-peak hours under operational conditions (ACSA initiative)

Innovation and development needs

Asphalt pavements

- Ultra Thin Friction Course (UTFC)
- BRASO friction course
- Surface dressings
- Cement grouted porous asphalt
- Asphalt reinforcing



Innovation and development needs

Concrete pavements

- Ultra Thin Continuously Reinforced Concrete slabs
- Recycling existing concrete pavements
 - Cemented subbase
- Concrete block pavement



Innovation and development needs (cont)

- Runway maintenance needs:
 - Safe preventative maintenance including rejuvenation
- Airport specifications:
 - Comprehensive airside civil works.
 - Include latest material types
 - Environmental protection for large non-trafficked surfaces
 - Runway safety requirements





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Thank you for your attention

Questions