

Implementation of Performance Graded Binder Testing using DSR

Working Group on PG Specs, of
RPF Binder Spec Committee

RPF in Cape Town

13th May 2015

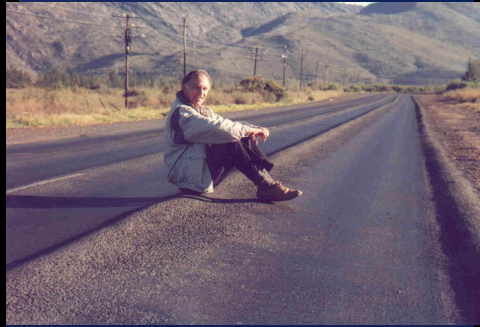
Performance Grading

Thermal Cracking

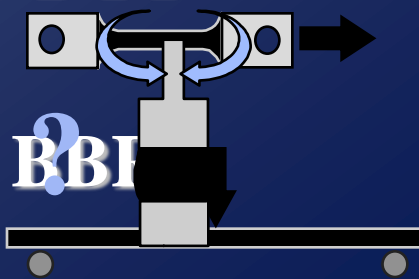
Fatigue Cracking

Rutting

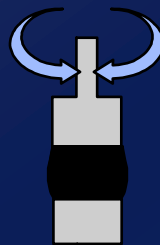
Production



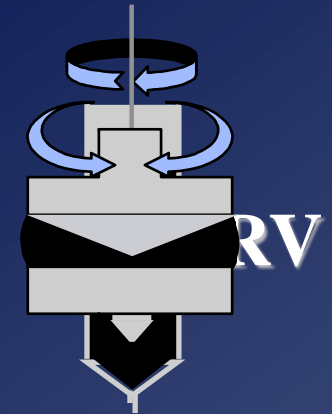
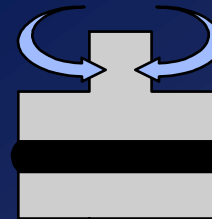
DTT



BBI



DSR



RV

- 20 °C

20 °C

60 °C

135 °C

Pavement Temperature



Circling Pigeon Syndrome



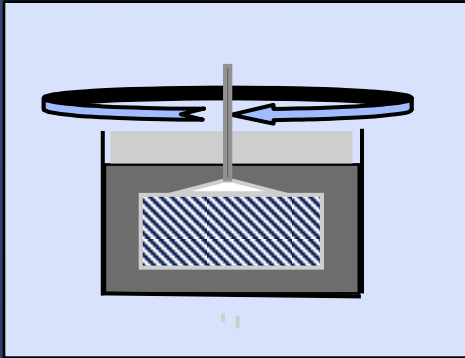
PG-13

Circling Pigeon Syndrome

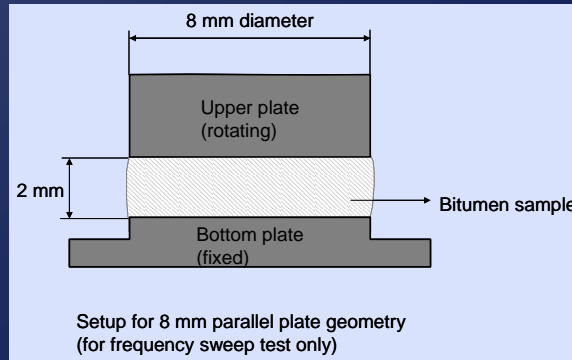
Priority Objectives of PG Binder Working Group 4Mar'15

- Provide industry with working draft protocols, to start binder evaluation
- Identify gaps in protocols that require **priority (short term)** research
- Identify gaps in protocols that require **fundamental** research
- Strategic role of **SANRAL and Sabita** for implementation

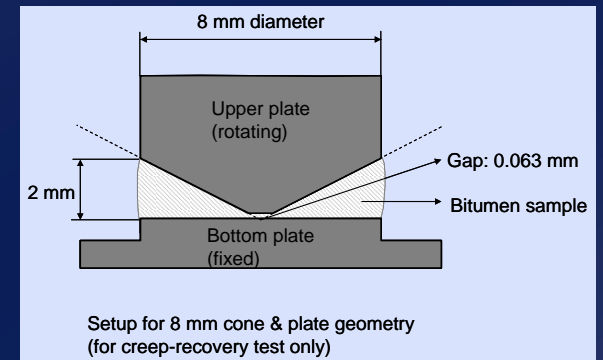
DSR Configurations



Cup & Bob



Parallel Plate


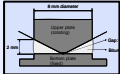


Cone & Plate

- **C&B** suited to high temperature analysis
- **P** variable shear stress across radius, distortion at annulus, but most research
- **C&P** reduces distortion but ideally 45° needed, eccentricity creates complications

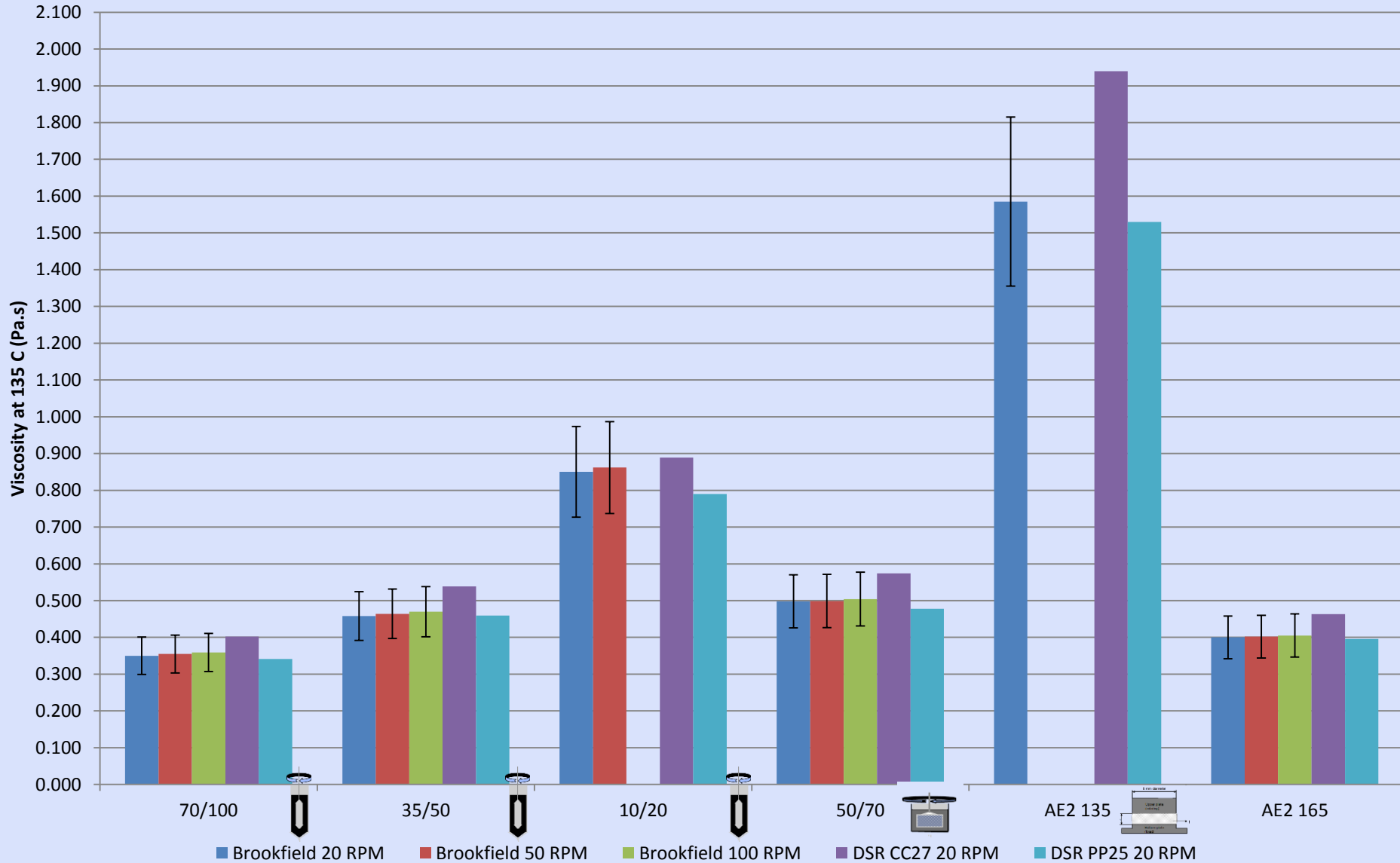
Outcomes of WG Meeting₁ Production & Construction

Spray, Pump, Mix, Pave

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Industry | C&B @ 135°C & 165°C (+ 195°C BR) EN13702 and Anton Paar Method |
| Research - Priority | Calibration RV vs C&B (JvH)  |
| Research - Fundamental | Benefits of C&P in same Temp domain Investigate PMBs  |
| Comments | Workbook ready for implementation JvH |

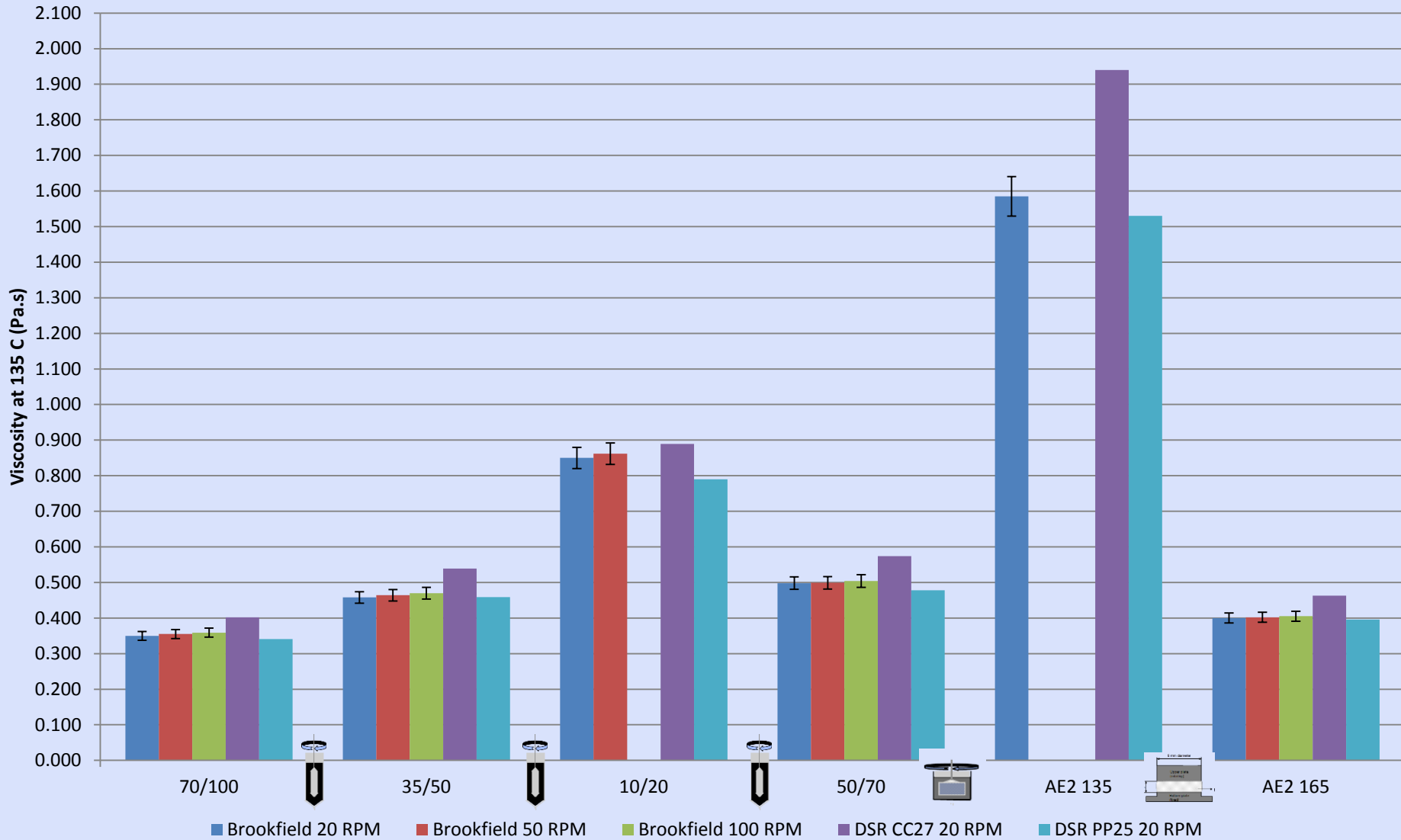
Research Findings (Jacques vH, Tosas)

ASTM D4402 Reproducibility

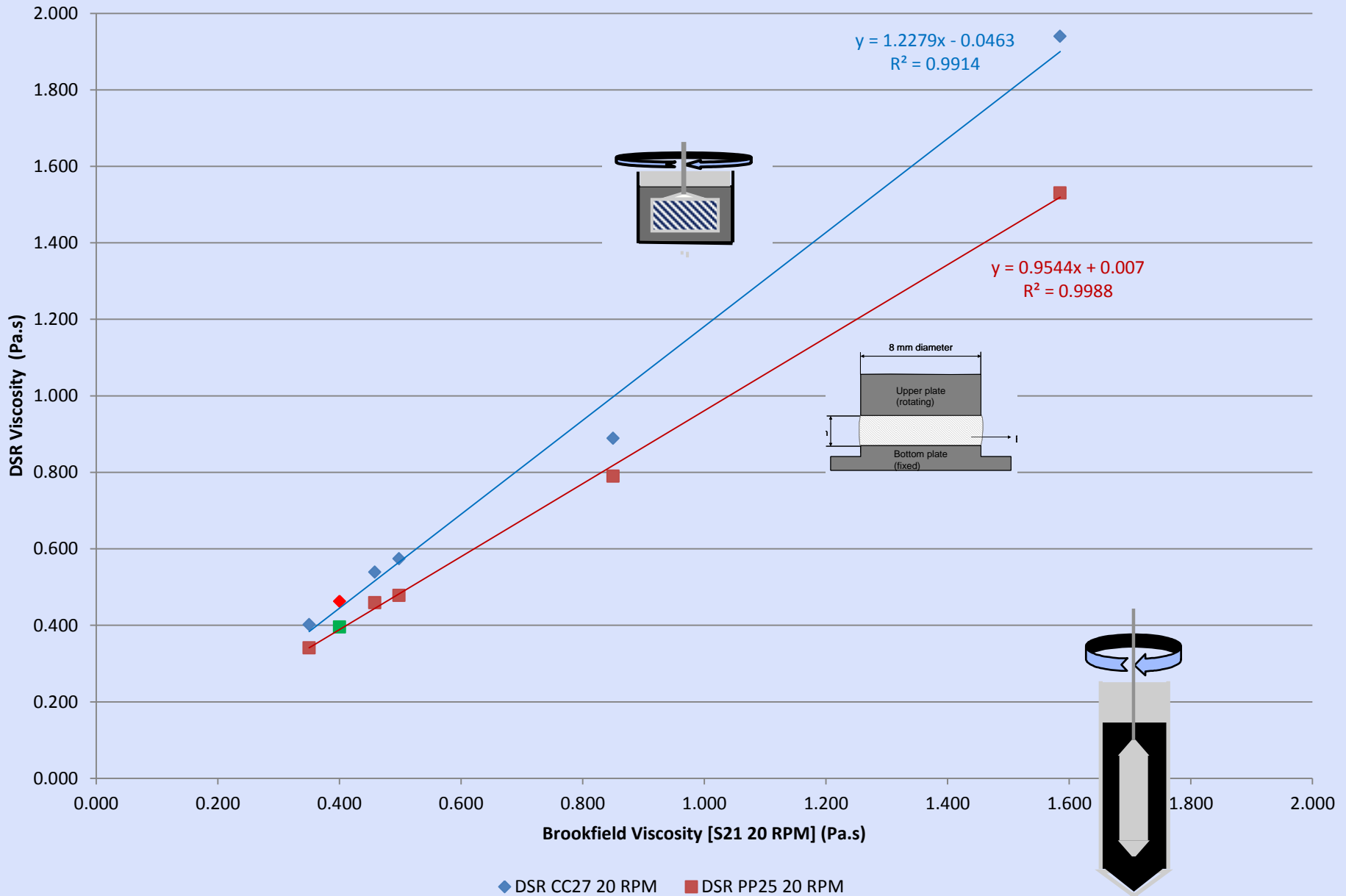


Research Findings (Jacques vH, Tosas)

ASTM D4402 Repeatability



Research Findings (Jacques vH, Tosas)

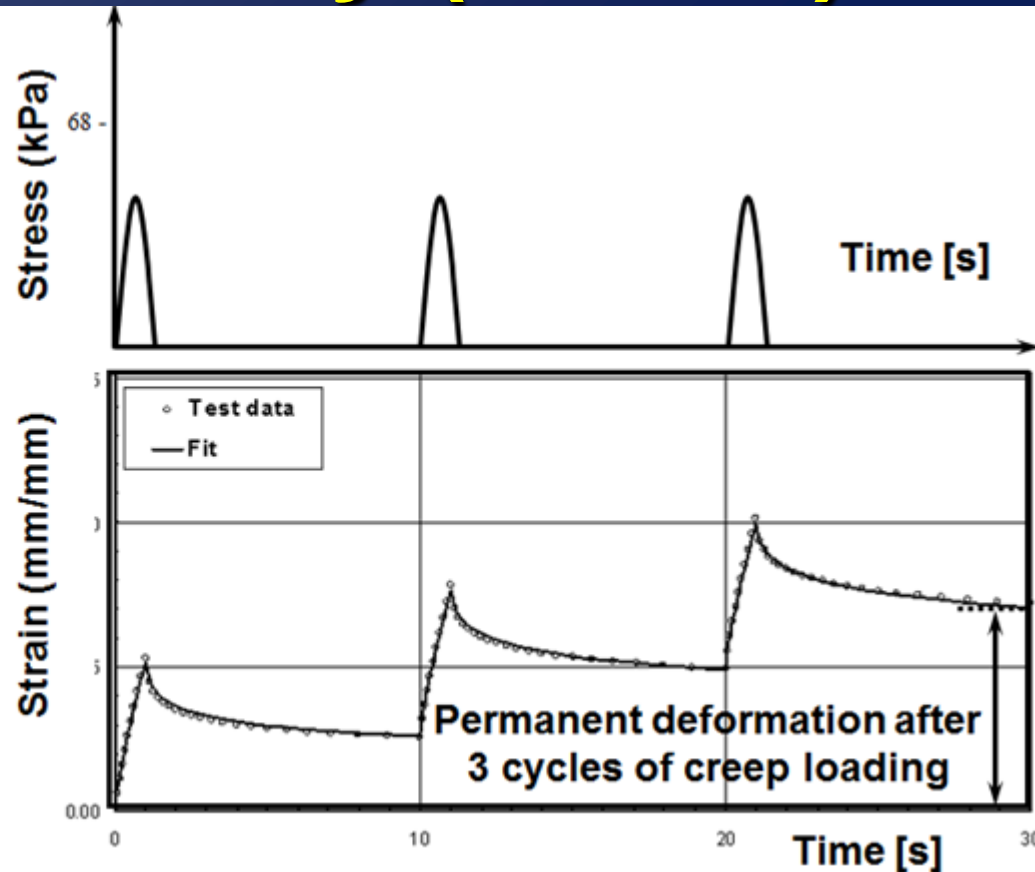


Production temp: BR binder

- CAPSA 2015 paper of Jacques v H
- CC (C&B) and // P comparisons done
- Different results obtained. Why?
- Testing at 195°C
- Gap increased from 1mm to 2mm
- More investigation needed

The new tests : Creep and Recovery (MSCR)

Repeated
Creep
Loading

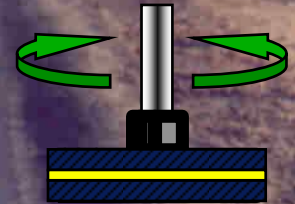


$$J_{nr} = \frac{\text{Ave permanent shear strain (non-recov) per cycle}}{\text{Applied shear stress}}$$

Outcomes of WG Meeting₂

Permanent Deformation DCR

Dynamic Creep Recovery



| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Industry | // Plate @ $\tau = 10$ kPa for 20 cycles CSIR and AASHTO T350 methods |
| Research - Priority | //P @ $\tau = 3.2$ & 10 kPa for 20 cycles //P @ Gap = 2mm for non-hom ⁹ binders |
| Research - Fundamental | C&P @ $\tau = 3.2$ & 10 kPa for 20 cycles Compare J_{nr} to Flow Number (AMPT), MMLS |
| Comments | Workbook ready, adjust 20 cycles (CSIR, JvH) |

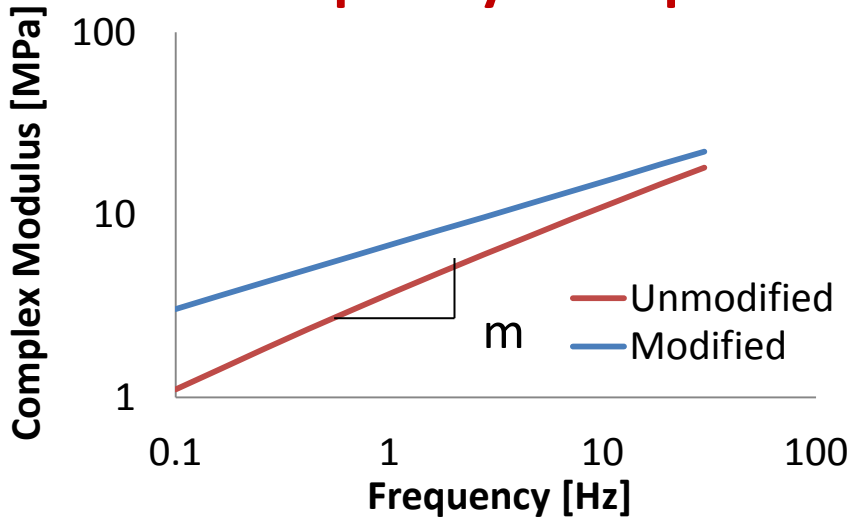
Compare

Photo: G v Zyl

Linear Amplitude Sweep

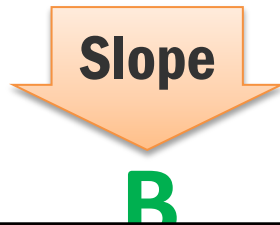
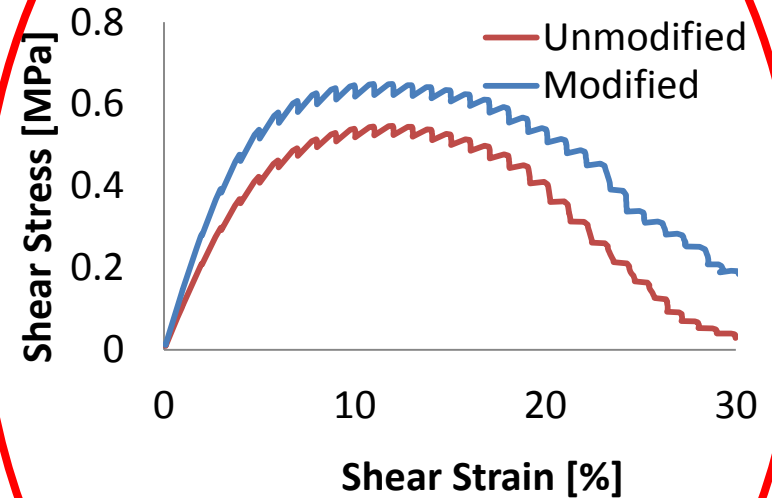
Rheology

Frequency Sweep

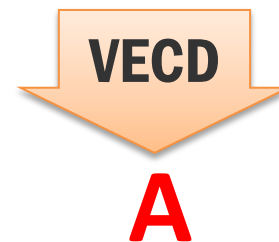


Damage Resistance

Amplitude Sweep



$$N_f = A (\gamma_{max})^B$$



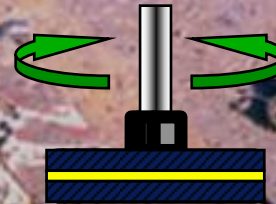
LAS_{modified}: Focus on A = Dynamic Yield Energy Parameter, shorter test

(Bahia, 2014)

Outcomes of WG Meeting₃

Fatigue BET

Binder Energy Test

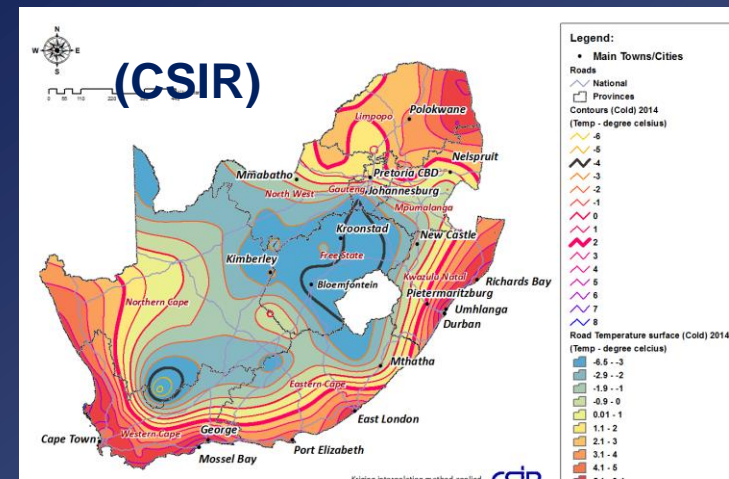


| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Industry | // Plate @ Strain sweep to post-peak, 30% 10Hz 10°C based on LAS (UWM) |
| Research - Priority | //P @ Strain sweep to post-peak, $\epsilon_{mx}=30\%$ Fr=10Hz, T= 5&15°C, extrap to LT zone |
| Research - Fundamental | Calibrate BET vs 4P Beam Fatigue Link binder to mix Variables: unmodified and modified Service providers: industry and researchers |
| Comments | Edited LAS method for BET end May '15 JvH |

Previous: PG Spec Research₄

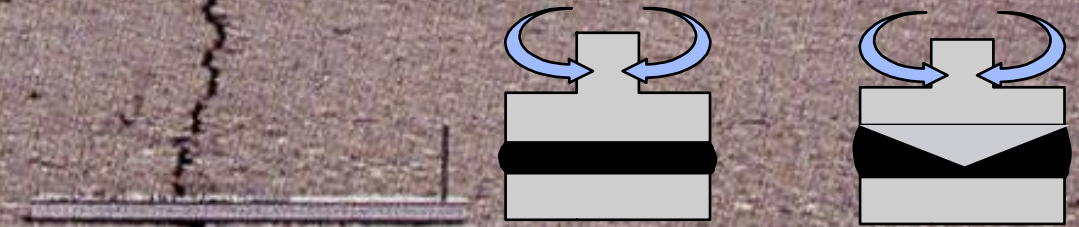
- Low Temperature LT Cracking with DSR
 - Tests in SA originally done at -16C to date
 - Blanket suggestion on LT at -10C for SA (although non-standard, it could be adopted)
 - Creep test @ 5°C preferred (for s & m)
 - More research in SA, as UWM used cyclic load
 - CSIR method to investigate $\tan\delta$ method of Soleimani and Hesp

Most of these proposals are still applicable. **Test temps & load signals** require further research



Outcomes of WG Meeting₄

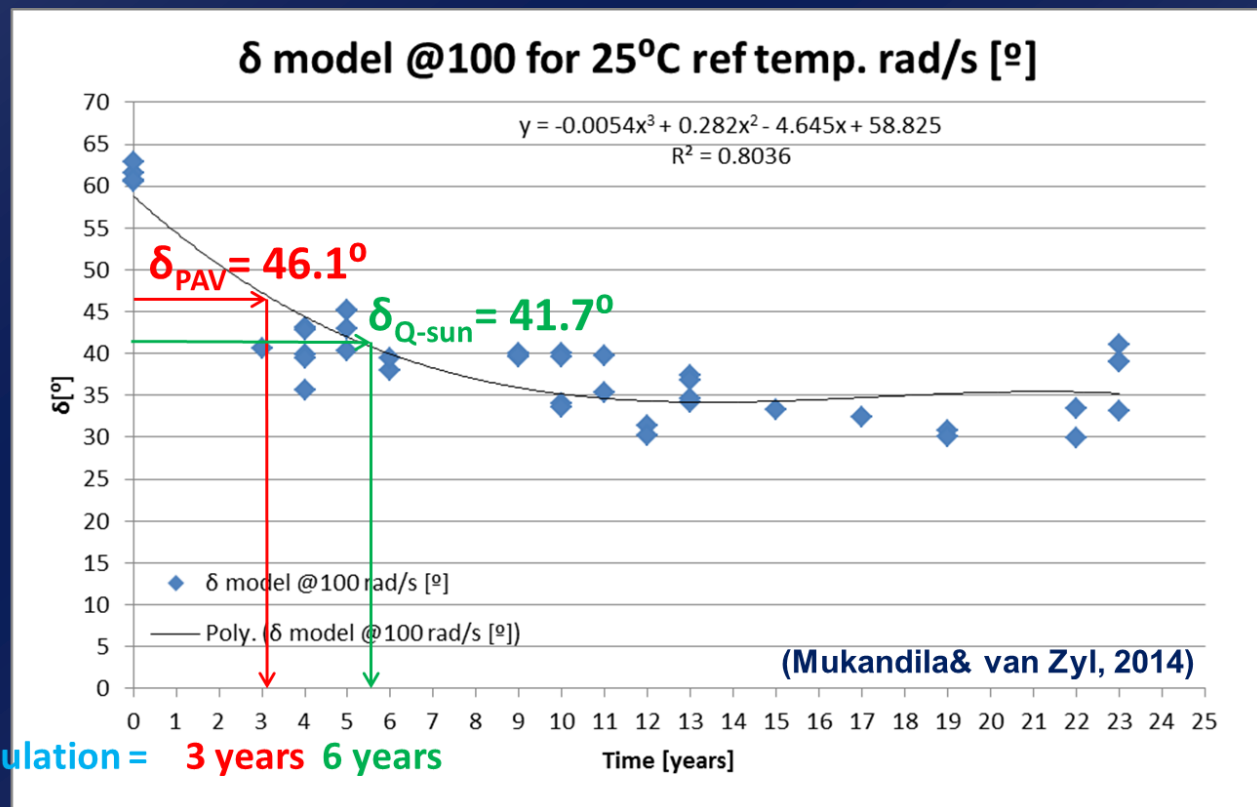
Low Temperature LT Cracking



| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Industry | No plans for LT protocol at this stage |
| Research - Priority | None |
| Research - Fundamental | // P or C&P start with cyclic loading followed by monotonic loading (creep-recovery) T = 5&15°C with view to extrap. into LT zone |
| Comments | Possibility of using extended fatigue (BET?) analysis to satisfy LT requirements |

Previous Research: Binder Ageing₆

- Long Term Ageing Simulation
 - Standard PAV hopelessly underestimates field ageing e.g. 3 years equivalent not 10 yrs

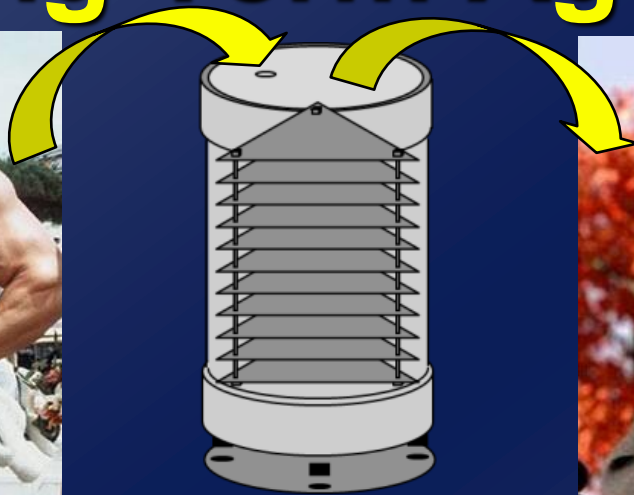


What's wrong with Pressurised Ageing Vessel?



Outcomes of WG Meeting₁

Long Term Ageing



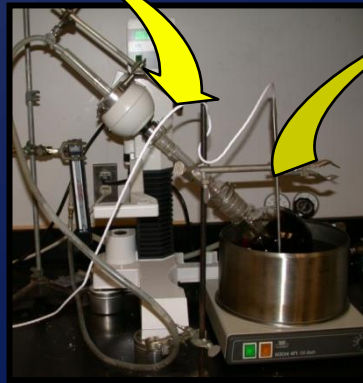
| Industry | Standard PAV EN14769 or ASTM |
|------------------------|---|
| Research - Priority | None |
| Research - Fundamental | Investigate thinner films in PAV at lower temperatures, with time as variable |
| Comments | This research is currently being undertaken at CSIR |

Findings of Binder Recovery

- **Binder recovery previously reported**
 - Abson method (CSIR) and Rotor Vapour Method (CSIR +other labs). **NCHRP paper.**
 - Report by Georges Mturi
 - Centrifuge – how many repeats?
 - FTIR or another method to check if filler is out
 - **Standardise Rotor Vapour for SA** (Georges, Hennie, Herman, Wynand)

Outcomes of WG Meeting₁

Binder Recovery

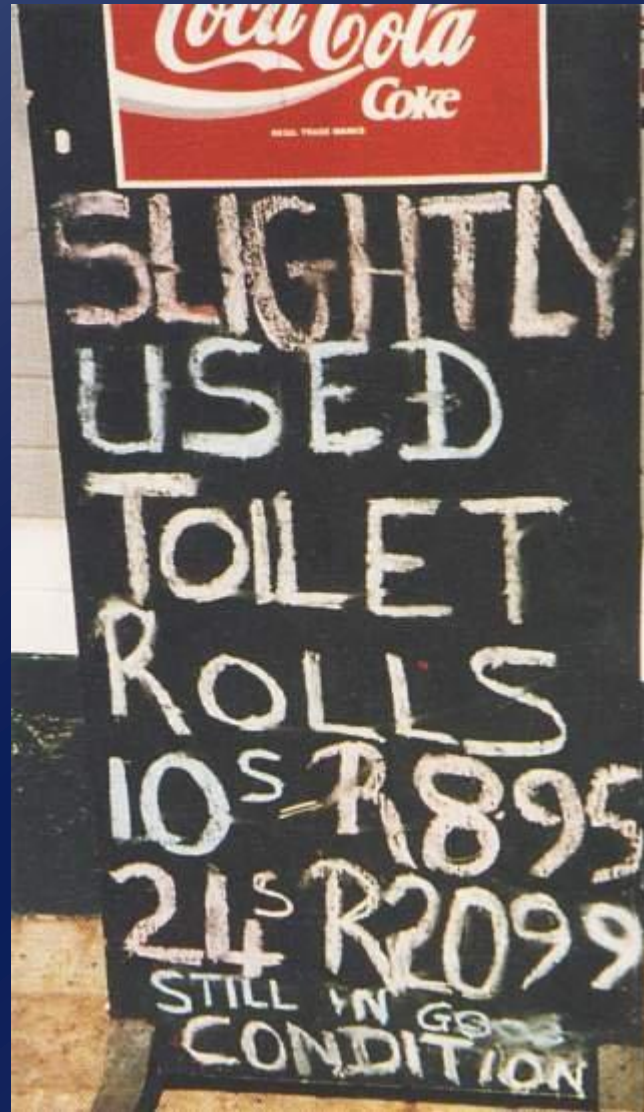


| Industry | Rotary Evaporator |
|---------------------|--|
| Research - Priority | Research complete at CSIR. GM to draw up protocol for Rotor-Vapour based on research |
| Comments | Industry awaiting protocol. Progress! |

In Summary

- **DSR still eminently suited for PG**
- **Different stages of implementation**
 - **Manufacture/Applic: Protocol ready**
 - **Deformation resistance: Protocol ready**
 - **Fatigue: Priority research required**
 - **LT Cracking: Fundamental research**
- **New Proposal prepared for SANRAL**
 - **Address research needs**

Performance Grading has limits...



Thank you!!